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8	Attorneys for Plaintiffs,		
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12	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
13	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DIVISION		
14			
15	JOSE CUEVAS; individually and on behalf) of all others similarly situated,	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17	
16		- Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue Dept. 7, Spring Street Courthouse	
17	Plaintiff,)		
18	vs.	THIRD AMENDED JOINT STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT AND RELEASE OF	
19	PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET	CLASS ACTION BETWEEN PLAINTIFFS AND DEFENDANTS PHILLIPS FRACTOR	
20	RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive	& COMPANY AND CALIFORNIA SURVEY RESEARCH SERVICES, INC.	
21	Defendants.		
22)		
23	,		
24	This THIRD Amended Joint Stipulat	ion of Settlement and Release of Class Action	
25	("Stipulation") is submitted pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 3.760(a). This		
26	Stipulation is made and entered into by and between defendants PHILLIPS FRACTOR &		
27	COMPANY, LLC, and CALIFORNIA SURV	EY RESEARCH SERVICES, INC., and Plaintiff	
28	JOSE CUEVAS (the "Representative Plaintiff"), on his own behalf and on behalf of the		
	(00005422 DOCY/2)		
	{00095423.DOCX/3} 1	Sattlement and Delegae of Class Astics	
	I fird Amended Joint Stipulation of	Settlement and Release of Class Action	

1	Settlement Class (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), defined in paragraph 30 below, to be certified by th		
2	Court. This Stipulation is subject to the terms and conditions hereof and to the approval of these		
3	terms and conditions by the Court.		
4			
5		<u>DEFINITIONS</u>	
6	The definitions set forth in paragraphs 1–32 below state the meaning of the defined words		
7	and phrases as used in and for the purposes of this Stipulation, the exhibits to this Stipulation		
8	and the orders, notices, and other documents contemplated by this Stipulation:		
9	1. "Affil	iate" means any person or entity that is directly or indirectly under partial	
10	or total common own	nership or control with or of another person or entity.	
11	2. "The	Complaint" means the operative complaint filed in the Current Class	
12	Action, attached as E	xhibit A.	
13	3. "Cour	rt" means the Superior Court of the County of Los Angeles.	
14	4. "Curi	rent Class Action" means the action entitled Jose Cuevas, individually and	
15	on behalf of all others similarly situated v. Phillips Fractor & Company LLC, et al., Los Angele		
16	County Superior Court Case No. BC656142.		
17	5. "Prop	osed Class Counsel" means the Law Office of Ball & Yorke.	
18	6. "Defe	ndants" means Defendant PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC	
19	("PFC"), and Defend	ant CALIFORNIA SURVEY RESEARCH SERVICES, INC. ("CSRS").	
20	7. "Defe	nse Counsel" means and includes Wolf Wallenstein & Abrams, PC	
21	defense counsel for I	Defendant PHILIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC, and Bassi Edlin Huie	
22	& Blum, LLP, de	efense counsel for Defendant CALIFORNIA SURVEY RESEARCH	
23	SERVICES, INC.		
24	8. "Arre	dondo Action" means the lawsuit currently entitled SABAS ARREDONDO,	
25	JOSE CUEVAS, H	TILARIO GOMEZ, IRMA LANDEROS AND ROSALBA LANDEROS,	
26	individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. DELANO FARMS COMPANY,		
27	Washington corporation; CAL-PACIFIC FARM MANAGEMENT, L.P.; T&R BANGI'		
28	AGRICULTURAL SI	ERVICES, INC.; AND DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, Case No. 1:09-cv-	

Third Amended Joint Stipulation of Settlement and Release of Class Action

01247-MJS, pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of California ("Eastern District of California").

- "Arredondo Complaint" means the complaint filed in the Arredondo Action on July 17, 2009.
- in the *Arredondo* Action and defined as any and all individuals who are or were employed as non-exempt agricultural employees of Cal-Pacific Farm Management, LP, T&R Bangi's Agricultural Services, Inc., Kern Ag Labor Management, Inc., La Vina Contracting, Inc., or Elite Ag Labor Services, Inc. and performed work at Delano Farms in California between July 17, 2005 and the date of entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval in the *Arredondo* Action who did not opt out, excluding those who worked only as irrigators, tractor drivers, or swampers or only in cold storage. This includes employees, without limitation, who previously opted out of the previously certified class in the *Arredondo* Action.
- 11. "Claiming Class Member" means, as set forth below in Paragraph 30, any member of the Settlement Class who participated in the Settlement in the *Arredondo* Action, either by submitting a claim or opting out of the Arredondo Settlement Class, who does not opt out of the Settlement Class.
- 12. "Arredondo Action Class Counsel" means Martinez Aguilasocho & Lynch, APLC; Law Offices of Marcos Camacho; Law Office of Wilcoxen Callaham, LLP; and Law Office of Ball & Yorke.
- 13. "Class Data List" means the information about each Settlement Class Member provided to the Settlement Administrator as set forth in paragraph 76below.
- 14. "Settlement Class Member's Share" shall be the distributive share of each Claiming Class Member, expressed as a percentage, of the Net Settlement Fund calculated according to the Plan of Allocation set forth in paragraph 81 below.
- 15. "Class Notice" means the following documents, collectively, each of which shall be prepared in three languages, English, Spanish, and Tagalog (upon request):

- a. The court-approved Notice of Proposed Class Action Settlement and Certification of Settlement Class (substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto), which will advise Settlement Class Members of the certification of a provisional Settlement Class and the scope of that class, the scope of the releases set forth at paragraphs 85 87 of this Stipulation, the compensation to which they may be entitled, their right to opt out of the Settlement Class or object to the Settlement, and notice of the Fairness and Approval Hearing. The Class Notice complies with the requirements of California Rules of Court, Rule 3.766(d). KCC serves as the Settlement Administrator. The Class Notice concisely explains the case, including Plaintiffs' contentions and Defendants' denial. It contains a statement that the Court will exclude any Class Member who so requests by a specified date. It explains how a Class Member may request exclusion. It states that the judgment will bind all members who do not exclude themselves and that any member who does not request exclusion may enter appearance through counsel.
- 16. "Class Work" has the same meaning given to it in paragraph 12 of the Joint Stipulation of Settlement of Class Actions filed on November 18, 2016, in the *Arredondo* Action, as follows: "all non-exempt agricultural work performed by [Arredondo] Settlement Class Members (as defined in paragraph 31 [therein]) while employed by Cal-Pacific Farm Management, LP, T&R Bangi's Agricultural Services, Inc., Kern Ag Labor Management, Inc., La Vina Contracting, Inc., or Elite Ag Labor Services, Inc. at Delano Farms during the Class Period. Class Work includes without limitation all such agricultural work whether or not Delano Farms Company or any of its parents, subsidiaries, or Affiliates are alleged to be or are or were deemed joint employers of any or all such workers."
- 17. "Fairness and Approval Hearing" means the hearing described in paragraph 92 (f) below, to occur no less than 210 days after entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval.
- 18. "Net Settlement Fund" means the Settlement Amount less (i) any and all payments due or amounts incurred in connection with or relating to the administration, implementation, or execution of this Settlement, including without limitation the costs and/or

expenses incurred in connection with providing the Class Notice to the Settlement Class, in paying out the Net Settlement Fund to Claiming Class Members, in making the other payments required hereby, in compensating the Settlement Administrator, (ii) all attorney's fees up to 25% of the final settlement amount (not to exceed \$191,750.00, or as approved by the Court and costs (\$7,500) awarded to Proposed Class Counsel, if any, in connection with this Settlement; (iii) any enhancement awards or other payments to the Representative Plaintiff in connection with this Settlement, for his time and effort, which is not to exceed \$1,000; and (iv) any other portion of the Settlement Amount that is not distributed to the Settlement Class pursuant to the Plan of Allocation. The Net Settlement Fund is thus estimated to be \$511,887.00.

- 19. "Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share" means the notice to be provided to each Settlement Class Member in his or her Notice by the Settlement Administrator pursuant to paragraph 77 below, a statement of the total number of weeks that the Settlement Class Member performed Class Work and a calculation of the Settlement Class Member's estimated payment based on the Plan of Allocation. Such estimations shall be based on a reasonable estimate of the Net Settlement Fund and shall assume: (i) that all Settlement Class Members elect to participate in the Settlement, (ii) that attorney's fees, if any, costs, and an enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff, if any, are approved by the Court and awarded in full, and (iii) a reasonable estimate of total administrative costs and other amounts to be paid from the Settlement Amount,.
- 20. "Opt-Out Form" means the form attached hereto as Exhibit C, which will be part of the Class Notice.
- 21. "[Proposed] Final Order and Judgment" means the proposed order to be entered by the Court finally approving the Settlement and entering judgment in the Current Class Action, as amended, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D.
- 22. "[Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval" means the proposed order to be entered by the Court, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E, preliminarily approving the Settlement, certifying the provisional Settlement Class and directing notice thereof

to the provisional Settlement Class. This order shall include the content set forth and recited in paragraph 92 below.

- 23. "Plan of Allocation" means the method for calculating each Settlement Class Member's Share as described in paragraph 81 below.
- 24. "Qualified Settlement Fund" means a fund set up by the Settlement Administrator in compliance with Treasury Regulation 1.468B-1 through -5.
- 25. "Released Claims" means all claims within the scope of the releases described and set forth in paragraphs 85 87 below.
- **26.** "Roberts" means William Roberts, PhD, an independent contractor working for PFC in connection with its engagement in the *Arredondo* Action.
 - 27. "Settlement" means the settlement embodied by this Stipulation.
- 28. "Settlement Administrator" means Kurtzman Carson Consultants ("KCC"), which shall serve, subject to the Court's approval, and shall administer the Settlement in accordance with this Stipulation of Settlement, any Orders of the Court, applicable state and federal tax law and regulations, and the law and regulations protecting personally identifiable information. The Settlement Administrator shall fulfill the tax compliance obligations of the Qualified Settlement Fund and may engage licensed professionals to assist in doing so. Except as otherwise provided herein, Defendants, the Released Parties, and Defense Counsel shall have no responsibility or involvement with regard to administering the Settlement Fund, processing of claims, or distribution of payments to class members. Plaintiffs and Proposed Class Counsel shall communicate with the Settlement Administrator as necessary to achieve compliance with the Settlement approved by the Court, provided that all communications concerning material matters or requiring the approval of or notice to Defendants under this Stipulation are copied or otherwise contemporaneously provided to Defense Counsel.
- 29. "Settlement Amount" means, as approved by the Court, the combined total of (i) \$5,000.00 from Defendant CALIFORNIA SURVEY RESEARCH SERVICES, INC., ("CSRS") and (ii) the remaining policy limits of the \$1,000,000 Miscellaneous Professional Liability Insurance Policy Hanover Insurance Company (whose address is: The Hanover Insurance

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npany, c/o: Mary Gertsmeier, Esq., 440 Lincoln Street, Worcester, MA 01653) issued to ILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, ("PFC") Policy No. LHF A134029-03, with effective es of October 27, 2016 through October 27, 2017 (the "Hanover Policy"). The Hanover icy is a "defense within limits" policy with claim expenses included within the limit of ility and the remaining policy limits, which have been reduced by defense fees and costs l, and anticipated to be paid, by the insurer under the policy, constitutes the remaining policy The Settlement Amount shall be the total, complete and maximum amount payable ectively, or individually, by Defendants and/or any or all of the Released Parties pursuant to, in consideration of, this Settlement. Approximately \$225,000 in defense fees and costs has n paid under the Hanover Policy as of the date of this amended Stipulation. PFC estimates an additional \$13,000 may be paid under the Hanover Policy through the conclusion of this ter. Accordingly, the Parties estimate that the final Settlement Amount will be approximately 7,000. PFC represents that the remaining policy limits, as defined above, constitute all entially applicable insurance coverage for the claims made in this action. Defendants agree , upon and after the Effective Date, they are liable for their respective portions of the tlement Amount subject to the terms and conditions of this Stipulation and to any subsequent ers of the Court. No portion of the Settlement Amount will revert to the Defendants under circumstances.

30. "Settlement Class" and/or the "Settlement Class Members" means and includes any and all individuals who are included in the Arredondo Settlement Class certified in the Arredondo Action, whether or not they opted out of that class, who do not opt out of the Settlement Class in accordance with paragraph 80 below. The number of employees who participated in the Arredondo Settlement Class, included 5,758 employees who submitted claims forms inclusive of 44 employees opted out ("Claiming Class Members"). Only Claiming Class Members will recover a portion of the Settlement Amount.

"Stipulation" or "Stipulation of Settlement" means this Joint Stipulation of 31. Settlement and Release of the Current Class Action.

32. "Taxes" means any and all taxes, withholdings, payments, and/or remittances to any governmental authority of whatever kind or type that arise from, relate in any manner to, or are required or appropriate in connection with: (a) distributions or payments to or from the Qualified Settlement Fund; (b) payments and distributions to the Settlement Class and to each and any Settlement Class Member from the Settlement Amount, the Net Settlement Fund, the Qualified Settlement Fund or otherwise in connection with this Settlement; (c) the administration of this Settlement or this Stipulation, including without limitation any interest earned upon the Settlement Amount or by the Qualified Settlement Fund; and/or (d) this Settlement or this Stipulation or anything concerning this Settlement or this Stipulation or its performance, execution or implementation. "Taxes" does not include any taxes that may be due from Settlement Class Members in excess of amounts withheld or paid by the Qualified Settlement Fund or Settlement Administrator. "Taxes" does not include any taxes owed by Proposed Class Counsel in connection with any award of attorney's fees made pursuant to this Settlement.

PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND AND POSITIONS OF THE PARTIES

- 33. The underlying Arredondo Action. On July 17, 2009, certain individuals and a putative class initiated the Arredondo Action by filing the Arredondo Complaint in the Eastern District of California. The Arredondo plaintiffs filed a motion for class certification, which was granted on April 19, 2011, and which was subsequently modified by order of the Court on May 27, 2011. The matter settled and is currently before United States Magistrate Judge Michael J. Seng for final resolution. In connection with the settlement of the Arredondo Action, the Court preliminarily certified the Arredondo Settlement Class.
- 34. In or around September 2015, in order to facilitate the consulting and expert witness services desired for the *Arredondo* Action by the Arredondo Action Class Counsel, and in consultation with Roberts, plaintiffs in the *Arredondo* Action hired defendant CSRS to execute and administer a door-to-door questionnaire designed by Roberts.
- 35. Plaintiffs allege CSRS then retained defendant BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH ("BMR") to conduct the field work for the door-to-door questionnaires.

- 36. Plaintiffs allege that BMR was undercapitalized, understaffed, and underexperienced. Plaintiffs contend that neither BMR nor its principals had any significant prior experience with surveys of this kind, and that defendants PFC and CSRS had no reasonable basis upon which to believe that BMR had any such experience. PFC contends that irrespective of BMR's experience, of which it has and had no personal knowledge, neither it nor Roberts had any duty with respect to the engagement of, conduct of, or quality of the data obtained by, BMR and that the obligation to ensure that BMR was sufficiently experienced and qualified and that it obtained valid data lay with plaintiffs in the *Arredondo* Action, the Arredondo Action Class Counsel, CSRS, and BMR.
- 37. In late October, 2015, the Arredondo Action Class Counsel authorized Roberts to rely on CSRS to conduct the door-to-door questionnaire subject to the terms of a bid from CSRS dated on or about October 1, 2015. According to the bid, CSRS would be "responsible for overseeing the project management, Spanish language interviewing, training and quality control of the door-to-door interviews." The Arredondo Action Class Counsel contend that they relied on CSRS for training and selection of the interviewer personnel, as well as "quality control" of the data collection and processing, as outlined in the CSRS bid.
- 38. Plaintiffs allege the following: (i) a training meeting with BMR in Bakersfield was arranged by CSRS in or around November 2015; (ii) BMR met with CSRS in an office space at the "Regus" in Bakersfield; (iii) BMR rented that space for the meeting; (iv) the meeting was attended by persons held out to be BMR questionnaire interviewers, Maricella Arreola and Guadalupe "Lupita" Estrada, as well as by Maricruz Estrada and Timothy Armwood, the owners of BMR; (v) Margarita Rodriguez of CSRS was also present at the meeting; (vi) Ms. Rodriguez delivered four (4) iPad tablets and provided BMR with an initial check for \$1,000.00; (vii) Ms. Rodriguez demonstrated to BMR personnel how to use the tablets to conduct the survey and the attendees became familiar with using the tablets; (viii) Ms. Rodriguez explained the need to collect phone numbers to accomplish validation for the survey; (ix) Ms. Rodriguez stated that validation would be done to ensure the numbers and everything matched, and that BMR would need to collect the phone numbers from the survey; (x) CSRS instructed BMR to conduct door-

to-door questionnaire work in various cities in the local area; (xi) Timothy Armwood was informed by CSRS that only persons who executed a "confidentiality" form could perform work on the survey; (xii) confidentiality forms were executed by the attendees (and later by another individual, Reyna Gutierrez) and were submitted by BMR to CSRS; (xiii) Timothy Armwood was informed by CSRS that the questionnaire was for a legal case, and that CSRS should expect a subpoena, so the survey would need to be handled with care and precision. PFC takes no position on these allegations for purposes of this Settlement.

- 39. BMR began its questionnaire field work for the *Arredondo* Action under the supervision of CSRS on November 13, 2015, and finished at the end of November, 2015, having completed the minimum 300 questionnaires needed. Plaintiffs contend that three of the BMR interviewers who had signed confidentiality papers for CSRS, however, never participated in the field work, apparently due to concerns about when they would be paid. PFC takes no position on this contention for purposes of this Settlement.
- 40. Plaintiffs contend that BMR decided to undertake the project using a single bilingual interviewer, Maricruz Estrada. Plaintiffs contend that Maricruz Estrada and Timothy Armwood conducted all of the questionnaire interviews. PFC takes no position on these contentions for purposes of this Settlement.
- 41. Plaintiffs contend that Maricella Arreola, Reyna Gutierrez, and Guadalupe "Lupita" Estrada had never worked for BMR prior to the *Arrendondo* Action questionnaire project. PFC takes no position on these contentions for purposes of this Settlement.
- 42. Plaintiffs contend that, according to Maricruz Estrada, BMR never sought to find replacement interviewers and did not inform CSRS, because there was no need to inform CSRS. BMR never directly informed CSRS that Maricruz Estrada and Timothy Armwood performed all of the questionnaire interviews. PFC takes no position on these contentions for purposes of this Settlement.
- **43.** BMR never had communications with Roberts or with PFC regarding the conduct of the survey nor otherwise.

- 44. Plaintiffs contend that Timothy Armwood testified in his deposition in the Arredondo Action that he understands only a few phrases in Spanish, which is not his second language. He testified that he didn't conduct any interviews primarily in Spanish. According to Mr. Armwood, when he came across people who spoke only Spanish during the survey work, Maricruz Estrada would translate for him. Mr. Armwood testified that he and Maricruz Estrada went to many of the survey addresses together. Maricruz Estrada testified in her deposition in the Arredondo Action that she is Spanish speaking bilingual, but Timothy Armwood is not bilingual. PFC takes no position on these contentions for purposes of this Settlement.
 - 45. Plaintiffs contend that BMR knew the questionnaire design required visiting identified persons door-to-door, with many Spanish-speaking workers. PFC takes no position on these contentions for purposes of this Settlement.
 - 46. Plaintiffs contend that Timothy Armwood testified that BMR conducted the questionnaire interview work using a spreadsheet supplied by CSRS with street addresses and respondent ID numbers, among other information. Maricruz Estrada testified that BMR documented its progress with handwritten notes on the spreadsheets provided by CSRS, which were returned with BMR's original notes to CSRS at the conclusion of the questionnaire field work. Maricruz Estrada testified that BMR used the spreadsheets to organize the questionnaire work at addresses in the same areas, allowing BMR to complete questionnaire interviews while minimizing time traveling across town. PFC takes no position on these contentions for purposes of this Settlement.
 - 47. In her deposition, Maricruz Estrada estimated that the time it took to conduct each interview was approximately 15 to 30 minutes. Timothy Armwood estimated that the work required about 10 to 15 minutes to complete each interview.
 - 48. Part of the questionnaire data collection process designed by CSRS was to validate a percentage of the field interviews by reconfirming, in a subsequent telephone call to a respondent, the information given in the original interview by that respondent. CSRS performed the validation work. According to Maricruz Estrada, on November 30, 2015, CSRS notified

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BMR that it was having a difficult time validating the interviews by phone. Estrada volunteered at that time to go back out in the field and validate the interviews door to door.

- 49. In his deposition in the *Arredondo* Action, Al Noiwangmuang of CSRS testified generally to the effect that the iPads it gave to BMR for the questionnaire field work transmitted the responses collected in the field directly to CSRS's server, along with time/date stamps, GPS coordinates at the location of the interview, length of interview, and other validating information. PFC contends that this testimony was inaccurate, was not based on personal knowledge or verification, and did not take into account variances in cell signal strength, lack of WiFi capacity, file size, absence of available cell service at the location of the interview, and deficiencies and anomalies in the GPS capabilities of the iPads, among other factors.
- 50. According to his deposition in the Arredondo Action, in or around early December 2015, Roberts advised the Arredondo Action Class Counsel about the problems CSRS was having validating by telephone the information given in the questionnaires. Roberts also informed the Arredondo Action Class Counsel about BMR's offer to validate the information through a follow-up field interview. At that time, Roberts indicated to the Arredondo Action Class Counsel that there were other statistical hallmarks by which the data could be validated, such as internal statistical correlation among answers given. Roberts also believed at that time that CSRS was validating the location of the interviewers and was aware that signatures were being obtained from each questionnaire respondent. According to Roberts, he and the Arredondo Action Class Counsel determined collectively not to undertake additional field work for validation purposes or to undertake any other further validation of the original interviews given, among other things, the transient nature of the questionnaire population, the lack of permanent phone numbers held by that population, and the existence of other validating PFC contends, however, that the ultimate decision not to undertake further information. validation efforts lay entirely with the Arredondo Action Class Counsel. Plaintiffs contend that CSRS had misrepresented that it had validated data through spot-checking GPS locations and other validating markers, when in fact, CSRS had failed to perform any "quality control" work, or if it did perform any quality control work, it was performed so poorly that it was useless,

unreliable, and a failure. PFC takes no position on these contentions for purposes of this Settlement.

- 51. Plaintiffs contend that, at the time of these alleged misrepresentations, Roberts had no reasonable basis upon which to believe that the representations were true. Plaintiffs contend that Roberts could have asked CSRS for data to itself perform spot-checks of the interview work, that neither Roberts nor PFC did perform such work, and that they relied only on CSRS to perform quality control, since Roberts believed CSRS would do so. Plaintiffs contend that neither PFC nor CSRS had confirmed the reliability of any such data. CSRS disputes Plaintiffs' contentions in this paragraph.
- 52. PFC also disputes the foregoing contentions. PFC contends that it was the province and responsibility of CSRS, BMR and the Arredondo Action Class counsel to ensure the validity and reliability of the data collected in the questionnaires, that statistical indicators within the data validated the information collected, and that there were other indicia of validity which the Arredondo Action Class Counsel accepted as sufficient. PFC contends that the Arredondo Action Class Counsel was fully informed about the validation process and the potential deficiencies therein, elected not to pursue further validation, and is solely responsible for that decision.
- 53. Plaintiffs contend that BMR never actually conducted the questionnaires they claimed to have conducted; it did not have the personnel who were trained to perform the interviews; and submitted false data. Plaintiffs believe that instead of conducting door-to-door surveys of Delano Farms workers regarding their experience with alleged wage and hour violations, BMR sat in public parking lots such as Starbucks, Wal-Mart and other stores, filling in fake information, but passing it off as the questionnaire answers from Delano Farms workers. Plaintiffs contend that, had CSRS performed basic spot-checking of GPS data captured by its iPads, as it said it would, or had PFC performed basic spot checking of GPS data, either would have confirmed that the survey information being collected was not being collected door-to-door at workers' homes, but in public parking lots. They would have discovered the surveys were

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lasting less time than reasonably needed to conduct a survey and they would have discovered other markers of unreliability. CSRS disputes Plaintiffs' contentions in this paragraph.

- 54. PFC also disputes the foregoing contentions of Plaintiffs. PFC contends that Plaintiffs' allegations are based on an unscientific analysis of the data performed by an unqualified junior attorney then working for the Arredondo Action Class Counsel and without seeking input or analysis from either Roberts or PFC. PFC contends that a proper investigation of the underlying metadata captured by the iPads indicates that the GPS and time stamp data captured by the iPads were greatly influenced by the location of cell towers, publicly available Wi-Fi capacity, and other factors. PFC contends that, in many cases, the GPS location captured for a large share of the interviews was associated not with the location of the interview itself, as Plaintiffs incorrectly believe, but rather with the location of the public Wi-Fi capacity (such as is available at the many McDonalds, Starbucks, and public library locations whose GPS coordinates were captured by the iPads) or with the location of specific cell towers, through which the data were transmitted to CSRS's servers when the iPads came within range of these facilities. This led to metadata being recorded that did not reflect the actual location at which many interviews were conducted by BMR. Still, many of the GPS coordinates captured by the iPads corresponded closely with the location of the respective interviews. When subjected to sophisticated statistical analysis by qualified individuals, the data do not indicate any systematic or even isolated incidences of fraudulent acquisition or recording of questionnaire responses. Likewise, PFC contends that even a cursory analysis of the signature files associated with each of the questionnaire respondents suggests that signatures captured from the respondents were unique to each questionnaire, match the name of the respondent, and do not suggest forgery or duplication.
- 55. Plaintiffs contend that Roberts and CSRS relied on the allegedly falsified data as the basis for PFC's expert witness report which was designed to prove liability and damages for the class-wide wage and hour violations alleged in the *Arredondo* Action. Defendants dispute these contentions.

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- 56. The Arredondo Action Class Counsel suspected irregularities in the questionnaire data in or around April and May 2016 and, conducted its own analysis of the questionnaire work. Plaintiffs contend that the analysis performed by the Arredondo Action Class Counsel indicated that numerous interviews did not occur at the address of the reported class member. Plaintiffs contend that there were: a) 51 interviews at various McDonalds locations in McFarland, Wasco, Shafter and Delano (not at employee homes); b) 19 interviews at or near libraries in Lamont and Arvin; c) 31 interviews at or near a Starbucks in Delano; d) 31 interviews at parks or parking lots in Kern County, including Hart Lake, Kern River Park, a church and a high school; e) 1 interview at a female correctional facility in McFarland; and f) 7 interviews off unnamed roads between Gorman and Mojave (off Hwy 138). Additionally, Plaintiffs contend that the analysis performed by the Arredondo Action Class Counsel indicated that 103 of the 305 complete interviews (about 34%) had travel times greater than the length of the interview, indicating to Plaintiffs that those 103 interviews could not have occurred at the address of the respondent. Plaintiffs contend that the analysis also showed that 45% of the interviews (137) were completed in less than five minutes, as contrasted with the testimony of BMR as to longer estimates of interview duration, and that only about 30% (93 out of 305) completed surveys were signed on Spanish-language signature under penalty of perjury page, even though it is likely that many of the workers were Spanish speakers, not English speakers. Defendants dispute these contentions.
- 57. The Arredondo Action Class Counsel notified the defendants and the court in the *Arredondo* Action of the suspected fraudulent questionnaire results in May 2016, and then withdrew the Roberts expert report based on their belief that the data had been fraudulently collected and/or fabricated. PFC contends that the expert report was withdrawn without notice to Roberts or to PFC and without any request being made to Roberts or to PFC to confirm the conclusions reached by the Arredondo Action Class Counsel regarding the validity and reliability of the data. Plaintiffs dispute these contentions.
- 58. After withdrawing Roberts's expert witness report, the Arredondo Action Class Counsel sought relief from the District Court to modify the scheduling order to permit the plaintiffs in that case to conduct a new survey. The Court denied this relief. Plaintiffs contend

that the Court's action effectively left the plaintiffs in the *Arredondo* Action without an expert witness and expert witness report for its claims. PFC contends that, even in the absence of the Roberts expert report, which was prematurely withdrawn and without proper cause, the *Arredondo* Action plaintiffs could have proceeded with their alternative trial plan, which had previously been filed with the Court, and could have presented evidence that would have supported all of their wage and hour claims, including the more than \$100,000,000 in penalties about which Roberts was prepared to testify.

- **59.** The *Arredondo* Action settled at private mediation on August 24, 2016, for \$6,000,000, of which \$5.25 million was allocated by the parties therein to unpaid wages claims and \$750,000 was allocated to the penalty claims alleged by the plaintiffs in that action. In his expert report which was withdrawn by the Arredondo Action Class Counsel Roberts calculated the damages owing to the *Arredondo* Action class members as follows:
 - a. Pre-Shift Work Class: Seven Million six hundred forty six thousand four hundred thirty eight dollars (\$7,646,438);
 - b. Tools Class: Up to Seven million twenty-seven thousand two hundred fifty dollars and thirty-five cents (\$7,027,250.35);
 - c. Wage Statement Class: Twenty-one million one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred fifty (\$21,151,550);
 - d. Waiting Time Penalty Class: One hundred thirteen million three hundred sixty-seven thousand three hundred seventy-six dollars (\$113,367,376).
- withdraw the Roberts expert report in the *Arredondo* Action was unilateral, was made without consultation with Roberts or with PFC, was ill-advised, and was solely the responsibility of the Arredondo Action Class counsel who bear all responsibility for any subsequent effects or results of that decision. PFC further believes that even if plaintiffs in the *Arredondo* Action had proceeded to trial without the Roberts expert report, the resulting judgment or settlement would have been for much more than the amount those plaintiffs agreed to, particularly in light of the penalty claims which did not require reliance on the questionnaire data. PFC further contends

that based on the representations of plaintiffs made to the Court in the *Arredondo* Action, the settlement amount therein exceeded their own estimation of the value of the wage and hour claims alleged in that action and that Plaintiffs herein have not been damaged in any way, shape, or form by any conduct or act, or alleged omission to act, of PFC or Roberts. CSRS concurs with PFC's contentions in this paragraph. Plaintiffs dispute these contentions.

- 61. Arm's-Length Negotiations. At all times, the negotiations leading to this Settlement have been adversarial, non-collusive, and at arm's length.
- 62. Proposed Class Counsel's Investigation Before Filing the Claims. Before filing the Complaint, Proposed Class Counsel investigated the administration of the survey that was conducted by Defendants in the underlying *Arredondo* Action. To properly evaluate the Class claims Proposed Class Counsel reviewed the following: (1) deposition of Dr. William Roberts; (2) depositions of CSRS personnel; (3) depositions of BMR personnel; (4) data recorded by CSRS; (5) websurvey software; (6) data processing files; (7) questionnaires; and, (8) survey records. During the course of this litigation, the Parties have engaged in significant factual investigation and legal research into the claims presented in the Complaint.
- between the Parties in which Defendants and Plaintiffs exchanged information and further apprised each other of their respective factual contentions, legal theories, and defenses. During the course of their information exchange, the Parties have engaged in extensive good faith, armslength negotiations, telephone conferences, and correspondence further aimed at settling their disputes. PFC undertook substantial investigation into the merits, both factual and legal, of Plaintiffs' claims. Among many other things, PFC reviewed a substantial portion of the record in the underlying *Arredondo* Action, including all relevant depositions, pleadings, motions, stipulations, declarations and other filings made by the parties therein. PFC researched the legal claims and defenses raised by the Complaint and undertook substantial forensic analysis of the questionnaire data.
- 64. No Admission of Fault. PFC and CSRS, individually and collectively, deny any and all allegations of wrongdoing, fault, liability, or damage of any kind to Plaintiffs herein, or to

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the certified class in the underlying Arredondo Action, or to the plaintiffs or the putative class in the Paniagua Action, and/or to the Arredondo Settlement Class or to the Settlement Class herein except as to their agreement to pay their respective portions of the Settlement Amount as set forth herein. PFC and CSRS deny, individually and collectively, that they acted unlawfully or improperly in any way. Nevertheless, in the interest of avoiding the costs, risks, and disruption of litigation and to resolve the claims asserted against them in the Current Class Action, Defendants have each concluded that it is desirable that this Action be fully and finally settled upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Stipulation. Defendants stipulate to certification of the Settlement Class solely for the purpose of effecting the Settlement as set forth in this Stipulation. Neither this Stipulation nor Defendants' non-opposition to a motion by Plaintiffs that requests approval of the Settlement (including certification of the Settlement Class for purposes of effecting this Settlement), nor any other act reflects acknowledgment, assent, or agreement that the Settlement Class could or should be certified in the absence of this Settlement. This Stipulation and this Settlement (including certification of the Settlement Class) may not, in any event, circumstance, or proceeding, be construed, deemed, or used as evidence, or as an admission, of any liability or any wrongdoing, or of an infirmity in any defense to the Current Class Action, procedural or substantive.

- Fair, Reasonable, and Adequate Compromise. The Representative Plaintiff, by 65. and through Proposed Class Counsel, has conducted an investigation into the facts and law relating to the matters alleged in the Complaint. Following their arm's length negotiations with respect to a compromise and settlement of the Current Class Action, the Parties have concluded that the Settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate.
 - Plaintiff's counsel obtained a \$767,000.00 non-reversionary settlement, This a. includes 100% of all available insurance proceeds. Defendants have each conducted an investigation into all insurance policies that could cover the liability alleged in the Complaint and determined that there are no other available insurance policies that would, or could, do so. Defendants have provided evidence to the Court demonstrating this lack of additional insurance, as well as evidence of their respective financial conditions which

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demonstrate that there are no significant assets available to satisfy any judgment that might be obtained in the Current Class Action.

The settlement is reasonable in light of the relative strengths of Plaintiffs' case b. and of Defendants' affirmative defenses, and balanced against the risk, expense, complexity, and likely duration of further litigation. Plaintiffs' case is founded upon what they believe to be significant evidence of the alleged failures, errors, and omissions by Defendants to adequately assure reliability in the undertaken survey; allegations that Defendants dispute. Defendants, after having conducted their own in-depth review, and statistical analysis of the survey data, and having analyzed the litigation decisions of the Arredondo Plaintiffs in the underlying Arredondo Action, concluded that there was little, if any, evidence of wrongdoing in the collection of the survey data; that whatever damages Plaintiffs' may have incurred occurred as a result of their own litigation decisions and not of any act or omission of either Defendant, or of BMR; and that they would ultimately prevail on the issues of liability, and lack of damages, in the Cuevas Action. However, the complexity and technical nature of undertaking a new survey in wage and hour litigation, significant investment in expert witnesses, additional discovery and investigation and related motion practice would likely drag the litigation out for years and expend enormous judicial resources as well as the financial resources of all Parties, likely leaving little or no source of funds for recovery of any damages that may be awarded. Furthermore, the Class Members in this case are migrant farmworkers – grape pickers – a demographic group that generally changes residences and telephone numbers, and moves out of the city, county, state, or even the country with significant regularity. Thus, a delay of several years due to protracted litigation would likely result in contact with many, if not most, of the migrant worker putative Class Members being lost entirely, and result in many eligible Class Members receiving no recovery at all. The timely resolution of this matter assures the greatest number of Class Members receiving some remuneration for the losses allegedly caused by Defendants' alleged acts and failures to act.

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- c. Plaintiffs' counsel has reviewed the arguments and evidence Defendants have raised and believes there is a significant possibility that Defendants could defeat or significantly lessen the recovery in this action on mitigation and other substantive and procedural grounds. Plaintiffs' counsel also believes that recovery in this action could be challenged on grounds that the damages the class suffered are speculative and/or uncertain in nature.
- Plaintiffs' counsel estimates that between 5 million (\$868.36 per class member for d. the Cuevas Action) and 20 million (\$3,473.33 per class member for the Cuevas Action) in value was lost in the Arredondo case due to the allegedly failed survey. Defendants, for their part, contend that any loss was attributable to litigation and settlement decisions made by Plaintiffs as a result of their own failures in connection with the survey, and not with any act of omission of Defendants or of BMR. The settlement amount obtained in this case of \$767,000 represents over 15% of Plaintiff's estimate of that minimum lost value in the Arredondo Action. Although several millions in Pay Stub and Waiting Time Penalties were calculated by Roberts in the Arredondo Action, which were not affected by the survey data, Plaintiffs' counsel's experience in wage and hour litigation demonstrates that awards for such Labor Code penalties are discretionary in some cases, are not fully awarded, or that a smaller percentage is achieved through settlement in similar wage and hour cases. More common is a settlement approximating the actual damages of lost wages and/or tool expenditures, plus some value allocated to penalties in light of the strength of the parties' respective positions at time of settlement. The tools and Pre-Shift Work classes (above) had a combined actual damage estimate less Labor Code penalties of approximately \$15 million. The Settlement in the Arredondo Action achieved 9 million less than that amount.
- e. The estimated \$767,000 settlement amount, after being reduced by the requested deductions, leaves approximately \$511,887 to be divided among approximately 5,758

¹ The policy is a "burning policy" in which coverage for indemnity is reduced by defense costs.

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class members inclusive of the 44 *Arredondo* Action opt-outs. Assuming full participation, the resulting payments will average \$89.04 per class member. In the *Arredondo* Action, claiming class members' payments varied widely based on their work history. Here Class Members are being compensated for the alleged loss of advantage and bargaining power in achieving settlement in *Arredondo*, and the settlement may have an additional deterrent effect in the industry regarding the types of alleged oversights, errors and failures in the production of expert evidence for complex litigation.

f. Accordingly, it is the desire of the Parties to fully, finally, and forever settle, compromise, and discharge all Released Claims (as defined below). The specific terms of the Releases given by the Representative Plaintiff and by the Settlement Class Members are set forth in paragraphs 85 - 87 below and are not limited by any language in this or any other section of this Stipulation.

TERMS OF PAYMENT AND DISTRIBUTION

Settlement Amount. The portion of the Settlement Amount payable by 66. Defendant CSRS is \$5,000.00. The portion of the Settlement Amount payable by Defendant PFC is the limits of a \$1,000,000.00 policy of insurance issued to PFC and applicable to this matter, minus defense fees and costs paid, and anticipated to be paid, by the insurer under the policy, subject to Court approval, as set forth above in Paragraph 29. Approximately \$225,000 has been paid under the Hanover Policy as of the date of this Second Amended Stipulation and PFC estimates that an additional \$13,000 may be paid under the Hanover Policy through the conclusion of this matter. The respective portions of the Settlement Amount set forth herein do not reflect, and under no circumstances shall be construed either as a reflection of, an allocation of, or an assumption of fault, liability, wrongdoing or responsibility as between PFC and CSRS. All payments of any kind to the Settlement Class and/or to anyone else in connection with, arising from, relating to, or in consideration of the Settlement or the resolution of Current Class Action as it relates to Defendants shall come from this Settlement Amount, including without limitation all payments and distributions to the Settlement Class from the Net Settlement Fund described herein, all attorney's fees and costs, if any, awarded in connection with this Settlement,

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all costs and expenses relating to the administration of the Settlement and Class Notice incurred in connection with this Settlement, any enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff made in connection with this Settlement, and all Taxes,. Upon and after the Effective Date, no portion of the Settlement Amount will revert to Defendants under any circumstances, and Defendants and their counsel shall not seek an award of attorney's fees or costs from the Court.

- 67. Payment to Qualified Settlement Fund by Defendant PFC. Defendant PFC shall deposit not less than \$40,000 into the Qualified Settlement Fund established by the Settlement Administrator within 60 days after entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval. PFC shall deposit the balance of its portion of the Settlement Amount within 60 days of the Effective Date of the Settlement, or earlier at PFC's option. Full payment by PFC of its portion of the Settlement Amount to the Qualified Settlement Fund shall fully satisfy PFC's obligations hereunder; Plaintiffs, Proposed Class Counsel, and the Settlement Class bear any and all risk of loss associated with amounts paid to the Qualified Settlement Fund. PFC shall have no responsibility or liability for, relating to, or arising from or in connection with the appointment of the Settlement Administrator, any actions or omissions by the Settlement Administrator, its agents, or of Proposed Class Counsel or its agents, or any obligation or liability of the Qualified Settlement Fund. Without limitation, PFC and the Released Parties are not responsible and shall have no liability in connection with the distribution of any unclaimed funds or any obligation to remit such funds to the State of California, the failure to obtain or report accurate taxpayer information, the failure to withhold, remit, or pay sufficient Taxes, or the calculation and distribution of payments to Settlement Class Members.
- 68. Payment to Qualified Settlement Fund by Defendant CSRS. Defendant CSRS shall deposit \$5,000.00 into the Qualified Settlement Fund established by the Settlement Administrator within 60 days after entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval. Full payment by CSRS of its portion of the Settlement Amount to the Qualified Settlement Fund shall fully satisfy CSRS's obligations hereunder; Plaintiffs, Proposed Class Counsel, and the Settlement Class bear any and all risk of loss associated with amounts paid to the Qualified Settlement Fund. CSRS shall have no responsibility or liability for, relating to, or

arising from or in connection with the appointment of the Settlement Administrator, any actions or omissions by the Settlement Administrator, its agents, or of Proposed Class Counsel or its agents, or any obligation or liability of the Qualified Settlement Fund. Without limitation, CSRS and the Released Parties are not responsible and shall have no liability in connection with the distribution of any unclaimed funds or any obligation to remit such funds to the State of California, the failure to obtain or report accurate taxpayer information, the failure to withhold, remit, or pay sufficient Taxes, or the calculation and distribution of payments to Settlement Class Members.

69. Attorney's Fees and Costs.

- Proposed Class Counsel may apply to the Court for an award of a. attorney's fees not to exceed \$191,750 (or up to 25% of the final settlement amount, whichever is less) and costs and expenses up to the amount of \$7,500 incurred in connection with negotiating and obtaining this Settlement, that pro-rata portion of the prosecution of this action as against Defendants PFC and CSRS, and for all of the work remaining to be performed by Proposed Class Counsel in regard to this Settlement, including without limitation documenting the Settlement, securing Court approval of the Settlement, securing Court approval of certification of the Settlement Class, providing Class Notice, making sure that the Settlement is administered and implemented in accordance with its terms. Amounts awarded by the Court for Plaintiffs' attorney's fees, costs, and expenses of whatever kind or type to Proposed Class Counsel, or to anyone else, shall be paid exclusively from and out of the Settlement Amount, but in no event shall such amounts be distributed prior to the full distribution of Settlement Class Shares. Proposed Class Counsel shall provide the Settlement Administrator with valid Forms W-9 prior to receiving payment.
- b. In consideration for settling this matter and in exchange for the Releases set forth herein and in the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment by and from the Settlement Class Members, and subject to final approval by the Court, Defendants will not oppose Plaintiffs' motion for attorney's fees provided that (i) it does not request fees

in excess of 25% (or approximately \$191,750) of the final settlement amount, (ii) the motion for attorney's fees provides for fees only to satisfy and compensate Proposed Class Counsel, including but not limited to any individual or entity working on behalf of Proposed Class Counsel in connection with this Settlement, and (iii) the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment expressly and effectively extinguishes any and all claims and potential claims for attorney's fees, costs, and expenses of Proposed Class Counsel and of anyone else. Defendants will not object to a request by Proposed Class Counsel for reimbursement of actually-incurred costs and expenses associated with negotiating and obtaining this Settlement, to be paid from the Settlement Amount. Proposed Class Counsel shall advise the Settlement Administrator and Defendants of the total amount of fees and costs it plans to request in time to allow for the calculation of amounts to be included in the Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share.

- c. Proposed Class Counsel on behalf of themselves and of the Arredondo Action Class Counsel, as well as any others working on behalf of the plaintiffs in the *Arredondo* Action or in the Current Class Action, agree to and hereby do release each and all of the Released Parties (defined below in paragraph 85) of and from any and all claims for attorney's fees, costs, expenses, and/or any monetary sums of any type connected with or relating in any manner to the Current Class Action, to any of the claims released as part of this Settlement, and/or to the Arredondo Class Action.
- d. In the event that the Court does not approve the award of attorney's fees and/or costs requested by Proposed Class Counsel, or the Court awards attorney's fees and costs in an amount less than that requested by Proposed Class Counsel, such ruling or award shall not be a basis for rendering the Settlement void or unenforceable in any respect; the Settlement, including all Releases, shall remain in full force and effect. Proposed Class Counsel retains its right to appeal any decision by the Court regarding the Court's award of attorney's fees and costs made in connection with this Settlement.
- 70. Enhancement Award. Subject to approval by the Court, and in consideration of this Settlement including the Releases set forth herein, Defendants will not object to the

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Representative Plaintiff receiving an appropriate enhancement award in consideration for serving as a class representative, not to exceed \$1,000. The enhancement award, if any, will be in addition to the share to which the Representative Plaintiff is entitled from the Net Settlement Fund in accordance with the Plan of Allocation and will be deducted from the Settlement Amount. In the event that the Court does not approve the enhancement award, or the Court makes such an award in an amount less than that requested, such ruling or award shall not be a basis for rendering the Settlement null, void, or unenforceable in any respect, and such decision of the Court shall have no impact upon the validity or enforceability of the Settlement; the Settlement, including all Releases, shall remain in full force and effect. The Representative Plaintiff retains his right to appeal any decision by the Court regarding the Court's ruling on an enhancement award, provided that any such appeal and/or arguments made therein by the Representative Plaintiff are consistent with this Stipulation.

71. Costs of Administration. The Class will bear the costs of providing Class Notice under California Rules of Court Rule 3.766 to 5,758 Claiming Class Members inclusive of those who submitted claims in the Arredondo Action and the 44 who opted out. The estimated total cost of KCC's notice and administrator services is \$54,863, of which \$22,098 is delineated for Class Member legal notification procedures; \$2,180.00 for telephone support; \$6,634 for forms processing; \$9,720 for disbursements & tax reporting, \$8,464 for residual disbursement and, \$8,267 for postage. All costs and expenses for, or relating in any manner to, the administration of the Settlement, including without limitation the fees of the Settlement Administrator, will be paid from and out of the Settlement Amount. These administration costs shall not be considered part of Plaintiffs' attorney's fees and costs incurred in prosecuting the action.

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ADMINISTRATION PROCEDURES

72. Settlement Data and Information. All data or information relating to the Settlement Class or to the administration of the Settlement that is collected, compiled, created, used, or possessed by the Settlement Administrator will be made available to counsel for the Parties only to the extent reasonably necessary for them to comply with their respective

obligations under this Stipulation of Settlement or as ordered by the Court upon good cause shown. Requests by Defendants for data or information relating to the administration of the Settlement that are directed to the Settlement Administrator shall be copied to Proposed Class Counsel, who shall cooperate in good faith to facilitate prompt provision of the requested information. Other than as may be set forth herein Defendants shall have no responsibility or liability with regard to the administration of the Settlement or of the Net Settlement Fund.

- 73. Responsibility for Administrative Costs. The fees charged and the costs incurred by the Settlement Administrator prior to the date on which the full Settlement Amount is tendered to the Qualified Settlement Fund shall be paid from the \$45,000 deposited into the Qualified Settlement Fund pursuant to paragraphs 67 and 68. Fees or costs charged or incurred by the Settlement Administrator or by Proposed Class Counsel for administration shall be paid directly by the Settlement Administrator from the Qualified Settlement Fund following reasonable notice to the Parties of the amounts to be paid and the basis for them. All such fees and costs shall be subtracted from the Settlement Amount as part of determining the Net Settlement Fund. The Parties agree to provide valid Forms W-9 to the Settlement Administrator as needed.
- 74. Establishment of Qualified Settlement Fund. As soon as practicable following its appointment, and within 10 days of the date on which the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval is entered, the Settlement Administrator shall file a Form SS4 with the IRS and obtain a taxpayer identification number for the Qualified Settlement Fund. All accounts containing all or any part of the Settlement Amount shall bear the name and the taxpayer identification number of the Qualified Settlement Fund. The Settlement Administrator shall open such accounts as are necessary for the receipt, distribution, and administration of monies paid to the Qualified Settlement Fund. The Settlement Administrator shall establish all state registration accounts necessary to properly comply with the reporting obligations of the Qualified Settlement Fund.
- 75. Duties of Settlement Administrator. Kurtzman Carson Consultants ("KCC") serves as the administrator in the underlying *Arredondo* Action. KCC is in possession of the

identities of the 5,758 Claiming Class Members inclusive of the 44 opt-outs that participated in the Arredondo Action. However, the work in this matter is not, in many respects, duplicative of the work performed in the Arredondo Action. In fact, more work will be required of the Settlement Administrator in that additional inquiries will be made by Class Members confused with receiving Class Notice in this action and how it relates to the underlying Arredondo Action. Without in any manner limiting any duty set forth in any other paragraph herein, the duties of the Settlement Administrator shall include, without limitation, reviewing, updating, and verifying the Class Data List, preparing and mailing the Class Notice in English, Tagalog (upon request), and Spanish to each Settlement Class Member, collecting and verifying the taxpayer identification information associated with the Settlement Class Members, calculating and establishing reserves to cover Taxes and expenses and all costs of or relating to administration, submitting to the Court any objections submitted by Settlement Class Members pursuant to paragraphs 89-91 below, performing necessary skip traces on Class Notices returned as undeliverable, processing Opt-Out Forms, preparing and mailing settlement checks, preparing appropriate tax forms in connection with the settlement payments and remitting those forms to the appropriate governmental agencies, undertaking reasonable efforts to re-notify or re-mail checks to Claiming Class Members who have not cashed their checks within 180 days of the initial mailing, redistributing pro rata to class members any unclaimed funds, and preparing a final accounting with regard to the Qualified Settlement Fund and/or administration of the Settlement. The Settlement Administrator shall hire any third parties necessary for completion of its tasks, but such hiring shall not exceed the Administrator's quote for serving as Administrator in this case. The Settlement Administrator, and any other person involved in the administration of this Settlement, shall treat any and all documents, communications, and other information and materials received in connection with the administration of the Settlement as confidential, will take appropriate steps to protect confidential or private information, including the Class Data List, and shall not disclose any such documents, communications, or other information to any person or entity except as provided for in this Stipulation or by court order. KCC has provided the Class Members with a courtesy discount of \$2,500 (\$57,363 - \$2,500 = \$54,863). The following is a

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cost summary for the services: KCC will print and mail 5,758 notices which will consist of an 8-page Notice in English, Spanish and Tagalog (upon request), 2 page opt-out form in Spanish, Tagalog (upon request) and English, address searches and re-mails, Website set-up and maintenance, opt-out processing & declaration of notice procedures); forms processing \$6,634; telephone support \$2,180; notice procedures \$22,098; disbursement & tax reporting \$9,720; residual disbursement \$8,464; and estimated postage costs \$8,267.

- 76. Compilation of Class Data List. In the underlying Arredondo Action the following information as to each member of the proposed Settlement Class was provided to the Settlement Administrator, to the extent it was available in the records of the defendants in the Arredondo Action and in an electronic format such as Excel, as it was then reported, stated, or recorded in such records: (i) name; (ii) last known home and mailing addresses (if different); (iii) telephone number; (iv) Social Security Number or other taxpayer identification number; (v) Alien Registration Number (if applicable); and (vi) number of weeks during the Class Period defined in the Arredondo Action that each person performed Class Work for the defendants therein. Plaintiff and Proposed Class Counsel will make good-faith efforts to obtain and provide such other information as the Settlement Administrator may reasonably request to aid in identification, location, or payment of any Settlement Class Member who performed Class Work. This information shall collectively be referred to as the "Class Data List." The Settlement Administrator will perform address updates and verifications as appropriate prior to the first mailing to the Settlement Class and will, consistent with outreach efforts such as those outlined in paragraph 78 below, undertake reasonable efforts to obtain the information necessary to administer the Settlement and perform its duties hereunder, including all taxpayer information necessary to meet its obligations under this Stipulation.
- 77. Calculation of Anticipated Settlement Share. The Settlement Administrator will calculate the amount to be included in each Claiming Class Member's Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share and the Plan of Allocation. The Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share shall be provided on each Settlement Class Member's Notice. In the settlement of the *Arredondo* Action, Settlement Class Members had an opportunity to challenge the number of work weeks he or she

performed Class Work, and he or she was asked to provide the basis for any challenge and was informed that he or she must provide any records or documentation supporting his or her position. In response to such a dispute, the Settlement Administrator first verified the information contained in the Class Data List and, if it deemed appropriate, also requested additional information reasonably and readily available from the defendants in the *Arredondo* Action regarding the Class Work performed by that person. Unless such person could establish a different number of qualifying Class Work weeks based on documentary evidence, the total number of Class Work weeks established by records in the possession of the Settlement Administrator controlled. Any such challenges either have been or shall be resolved by the Settlement Administrator, who shall examine the records available. The Settlement Administrator's determination regarding any dispute concerning any Anticipated Settlement Share shall be final. The Settlement Administrator must mail written notice of its determination and, if applicable, a revised Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share to the challenging Settlement Class Member no later than 160 days after entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval.

78. Dissemination of the Class Notice.

- a. Within 90 days of entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval, the Settlement Administrator will send Settlement Class Members, by first-class mail to their last known address (after performing address updates and verifications as appropriate prior to this first mailing), the Class Notice (which includes the Notice of Proposed Class Action Settlement, and the Opt-Out Form as set forth in paragraph 15 above ("First Mailing")).
- b. The Settlement Administrator will establish and maintain a Court approved website in English, Spanish and Tagalog the content of which shall be subject to the prior approval by all Parties (or, if the Parties cannot agree, the approval of the Court). The website shall include the Class Notice materials and information about how Settlement Class Members can contact the Settlement Administrator

- c. Proposed Class Counsel shall seek agreement from Defense Counsel as to the content, placement, and timing of the announcements, advertisements, and other steps referenced in subparagraph (b). If the Parties are unable to agree, they will promptly seek resolution from the Settlement Administrator, and if they are still unable to agree, they will promptly seek resolution from the Court through a joint motion setting forth their respective positions.
- d. Upon receipt of information that a Settlement Class Member did not, in fact, receive the Class Notice in the First Mailing (e.g., by the post office's return to the Settlement Administrator of the First Mailing sent to that individual), the Settlement Administrator shall undertake reasonable efforts to determine the correct address for those Settlement Class Members who did not receive the First Mailing. Then, within 115 days after entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval the Settlement Administrator will execute a second mailing of Class Notice to those Settlement Class Members whose previous Class Notices were undeliverable and for whom the Settlement Administrator has located an alternative address through skip tracing or other means ("Second Mailing").
- e. Upon reasonable request, the Settlement Administrator shall provide periodic reports to all counsel identifying the efforts taken to provide actual notice to Settlement Class Members, such reports to include without limitation the number of mailings sent out, the number of notices returned undeliverable, the number of persons who have responded to the PSAs, the number of phone calls received, and the efforts taken to identify proper addresses for the Settlement Class Members.
- f. The Parties agree that the plan for dissemination of Class Notice as described in this paragraph is valid and effective, that it provides reasonable notice to the Settlement Class, and that it represents the best practicable notice under the circumstances.
- 79. Challenges by Settlement Class Members to Calculation of Anticipated Settlement Share. Whether or not he or she submits an objection to all or part of the Settlement

pursuant to paragraphs 89-91 below, a Settlement Class Member may dispute his or her Anticipated Settlement Share, or the data used to calculate his/her Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share, by sending a written notice to the Settlement Administrator within 45 days after the mailing of the Notice to the Class Member.

- 80. Opt-Out Procedures. As indicated in paragraph 15 above, the Class Notice shall include an Opt-Out Form advising Settlement Class Members that they may opt out of the Settlement Class by indicating on the Opt-Out Form that they wish to be excluded from the Settlement Class and returning the Opt-Out Form via first class mail or by personally delivering it to the Settlement Administrator no later than the date stated on the Opt-Out Form, which will be 45 days after the mailing of the Notice to the Class Member.
 - a. All Opt-Out Forms must be completed in full, be legible, and be postmarked or delivered on or before the deadlines provided in this sub-paragraph.
 - b. Any Settlement Class Member who timely and properly submits an Opt-Out Form will not be entitled to receive any portion of the Net Settlement Fund, including without limitation his or her Settlement Class Member's Share, and will not be bound by the Settlement or have any right to object, appeal, or comment thereon.
 - c. Any Settlement Class Member who does not timely and properly submit an Opt-Out Form shall be bound by all terms of the Settlement and the entered [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment, including without limitation the releases set forth in paragraphs 85-87 below.
 - d. Within 185 days after entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval, the Settlement Administrator shall provide all counsel with a complete list of all Settlement Class Members who have timely and properly submitted Opt-Out Forms and a copy of such forms and other materials received from members of the Settlement Class requesting exclusion. If the Settlement Administrator receives any Opt-Out Forms after that date, the Settlement Administrator shall promptly provide all counsel with copies thereof.

- e. Defendants each shall have the absolute right, in the exercise of their respective sole discretion, to terminate in its entirety this Stipulation of Settlement *ab initio* in the event that ¼ of 1% or more of the Settlement Class Members submit an Opt-Out Form. If one or both of the Defendants so elect, it or they will notify Proposed Class Counsel and the Court of its or their election within 20 days of receipt of the list identified in the preceding subparagraph (d), and upon the giving of such notification the Settlement shall be terminated and the terms and conditions of paragraph 97 below shall apply.
- 81. Plan of Allocation. Each Claiming Class Member shall be entitled to a share of the Net Settlement Fund determined pursuant to the following Plan of Allocation that was accepted by the Court and adopted in the underlying *Arredondo* Action:
 - a. The payment made to each Claiming Class Member shall be determined pro rata based on the total number of weeks that each Claiming Class Member performed Class Work relative to the total number of weeks that all Claiming Class Members performed Class Work. Work weeks after April 8, 2012 will be valued at 50% of the value of work weeks occurring prior to April 8, 2012. This is intended to account for changes in the practices of the defendants in the *Arredondo* Action that appear to have taken place, reducing both the likelihood and the frequency of the alleged violations.
 - b. Each Claiming Class Member shall be entitled to a payment that is the product of the total amount of the Net Settlement Fund multiplied by the fraction determined by the total number of weeks, and weighted according to the formula set forth in paragraph 81(a), that such Claiming Class Member performed Class Work divided by the total number of weeks that all Claiming Class Members collectively performed Class Work.
 - c. For purposes of this Plan of Allocation, the term "week" shall be defined as seven consecutive days beginning on Monday and ending on Sunday. If a Settlement Class Member performs any amount of Class Work during a given week, that week shall be counted as a week during which the Settlement Class Member performed Class Work.

82. Review of Calculations of Settlement Class Members' Shares. Upon the Effective Date of Settlement, the Settlement Administrator shall calculate each Claiming Class Member's Share in accordance with the above Plan of Allocation. Such calculations shall be provided to Proposed Class Counsel and to Defense Counsel within ten 10 business days after finalization thereof and not less than 10 business days before any Claiming Class Member's Share is distributed.

83. Payment Procedures.

- a. As soon as practical following both the Effective Date and the deposit to the Qualified Settlement Fund of the full Settlement Amount, the Settlement Administrator shall pay from the Qualified Settlement Fund any enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff that may be approved in the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment.
- b. As soon as practical following both the Effective Date and the deposit to the Qualified Settlement Fund of the full Settlement Amount, but before any Settlement Class Member's Share is distributed, the Settlement Administrator shall: (i) determine the amounts (payable from the Net Settlement Fund) due to the Claiming Class Members in accordance with the Plan of Allocation; and (ii) establish a reserve sufficient to cover all Taxes due (if any,) and to cover all potential further administration and other expenses and any other further payments, other than distributions to the Settlement Class, related to the Settlement or its administration (the "Reserve").
- c. As soon as practical following the disbursement of the payment identified in paragraph 83(a) above and the establishment of the reserve required by paragraph 83(b) above, the Settlement Administrator shall issue and mail checks to the Claiming Class Members and shall remit appropriate payment for, or related to, Taxes to the appropriate governmental authorities.
- d. If any portion of the Reserve remains in the Qualified Settlement Fund after the ultimate payment of all Taxes, expenses, and any other payments to anyone other than distributions to the Settlement Class, the amount so remaining shall be

distributed to the Claiming Class Members pro rata according to the Plan of Allocation as a supplemental payment.

- e. The Settlement Administrator shall make reasonable efforts to re-notify or re-mail checks to Claiming Class Members who have not cashed their checks within 180 days of the initial mailing of such checks, including additional efforts to obtain a correct address for such Claiming Class Members.
- f. If, upon the expiration of 90 days after re-mailing of undeliverable checks or re-notification to Claiming Class Members whose checks remained uncashed, such checks still remain uncashed, the Settlement Administrator shall cause stop-payment notices to be issued against the checks not cashed. The Settlement Administrator will then distribute and deliver the total amount of the uncashed checks to the remaining Claiming Class Members pro rata according to the Plan of Allocation as a supplemental payment. Defendants shall have no liability, either individually or collectively, based on any claim by any Party, Settlement Class Member, or third party that the funds related to the uncashed checks should have been treated as unclaimed property of the original payee or otherwise distributed in a different way to a different person.
- g. No payment of Attorney's Fees or Costs that may be awarded to Proposed Class Counsel may be made by the Settlement Administrator until checks to all Claiming Class Members have been distributed. As soon as practical following the issuance and mailing of checks to the Claiming Class Members, the Settlement Administrator shall pay to Class Counsel from the Qualified Settlement Fund any costs, expenses and Attorneys' Fees that may be approved in the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment.

84. Tax Treatment of Settlement Payments.

Each recipient of any monies paid in accordance with this Settlement, including without limitation Settlement Class Members, is responsible for the proper and timely payment of any Taxes associated with the monies received by each recipient.

85. Releases by Settlement Class Members. Effective upon each Defendant's				
deposit of its respective portion of the Settlement Amount into the Qualified Settlement Fund,				
and provided that no Party terminates this Settlement in accordance with Paragraph 96 below,				
each Settlement Class Member and the Representative Plaintiff, and each of his or her				
predecessors, successors, assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, attorneys, and agents, and any				
other person acting on his, her, or their behalf, releases each of CSRS, its owners, Affiliates,				
shareholders, general and limited partners, predecessors, insurers, agents, employees,				
independent contractors, heirs, executors, successors, transferees, officers, officials, directors,				
members, managers, attorneys, beneficiaries, trustees, personal representatives, or other				
representatives and each of PFC, its owners, Affiliates, shareholders, general and limited				
partners, predecessors, insurers, agents, employees, independent contractors, heirs, executors,				
successors, transferees, officers, officials, directors, members, managers, attorneys, beneficiaries,				
trustees, personal representatives, or other representatives (collectively the "Released Parties") of				
and from any and all claims, actions, rights, demands, charges, debts, liens, obligations, costs,				
expenses, wages, restitution, compensation, disgorgement, benefit(s) of any type, equitable				
relief, contract obligations, liquidated damages, statutory damages, damages, penalties of				
whatever type or description, attorney's fees, interest, complaints, causes of action, obligations,				
or liability of any and every kind, known or unknown, at law or in equity, contingent or				
otherwise (i) that were asserted or that could have been asserted in the Current Class Action				
including without limitation in the Complaint, or (ii) that are, were, or could be based on, that				
arose or could arise out of, or that in any way relate to the same or substantially similar facts,				
transactions, events, policies, acts, or omissions as alleged in the Current Class Action or				
otherwise related to Defendants' respective work in the Arredondo Action on behalf of the				
Settlement Class Members, including the Representative Plaintiff (collectively the "Released				
Claims"). The Released Claims do not include claims that could otherwise be brought by				
Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the Arredondo Action or against any other				
employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their				

employment. Subject to the preceding sentence, the Parties agree and, upon approval of the Settlement, the Court will order that the Released Claims include but are not limited to any and all claims against each and all of the Released Parties as described herein.

- 86. Mutual Additional Releases by the Parties. In addition to the releases set forth in the preceding paragraph, the Parties, including the Settlement Class Members, mutually specifically acknowledge that they each release, each from the other, not only the Released Claims set forth above but any and all claims arising from, and/or related in any way to, the same or substantially similar facts, transactions, events, policies, acts, or omissions as alleged in the Current Class Action or otherwise related to Defendants' work in the *Arredondo* Action on behalf of the Settlement Class Members, including the Representative Plaintiff, whether known or unknown, as of the date of entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval. Such additional releases shall not include claims that could otherwise be brought by Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the *Arredondo* Action or against any other employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their employment. Subject to the preceding sentence, this additional release shall have the effect of resolving all claims which may currently exist between and/or among the Parties.
- 87. California Civil Code Section 1542. In connection with the Released Claims identified in paragraph 85, and the mutual releases identified in Paragraph 86, and with the exception of any claims that could otherwise be brought by Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the *Arredondo* Action or against any other employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their employment, all parties mutually, including the Settlement Class Members and the named Parties each for himself, herself, or itself waives the provisions of California Civil Code Section 1542, which states:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR

These releases apply, as of the effective date of the Releases, to the named Parties and to the Settlement Class Members but are not intended to release claims that cannot be released as a matter of law. The named Parties expressly acknowledge that they have been advised by their respective counsel of the terms of this Paragraph and of the meaning and consequences of waiving the provisions of Civil Code section 1542.

88. [Paragraph Intentionally Left Blank]

RIGHT OF OBJECTION TO SETTLEMENT

- 89. Objections to Settlement. The Class Notice will advise the Settlement Class that each Settlement Class Member who does not opt out of the Settlement has the right to object to all or any part of the Settlement, including without limitation the Plan of Allocation or the scope of the Releases. The Objection must contain the full name, current home (or mailing) address, and telephone number of the objector and the Control Number located on the upper right of the Settlement Class Member's Notice and Opt-Out Form., and must state the grounds for the objection. Failure to Timely and Properly Submit Objections. Members of the Settlement Class who fail to file written objections shall be deemed to have waived all objections and shall be foreclosed from making any objection (whether by appeal or otherwise) to the Settlement.
- 90. Objections Submitted to Settlement Administrator. Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, in the event that any Settlement Class Member submits an objection otherwise meeting all of the requirements set forth in paragraph 89 above to the Settlement Administrator, the Settlement Administrator shall promptly send such objection to the Court and provide it to the Parties. Such objections will be considered timely if received by the Settlement Administrator within 45 days after the mailing of the Notice to the Class Member.
- 91. Deadline to File Responses to Objections. The Parties will file their responses to any Settlement Class Member objections not later than 45 days after the mailing of the Notice to the Class Member.

DUTIES OF THE PARTIES, COURT APPROVAL, AND EFFECTIVE DATE

92. Dismissal of Bakersfield Market Research With Prejudice and Motion for Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval. Plaintiffs dismissed defendant BMR with

prejudice prior to the execution of this Stipulation by the Parties. After execution of the original Stipulation by all the remaining named Parties, the Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Certification of the Settlement Class and Preliminary Approval of the Settlement, which included as an exhibit, and relied upon, the original Stipulation (including all of its exhibits), and which requested entry of, and included as its proposed order, the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval. Defendants' non-opposition to certification of the Settlement Class is for settlement purposes only and is made without prejudice to Defendants' ability to contest certification of a class on any grounds in the event that the Settlement is not approved or is terminated for any reason. This Second Amended Stipulation addresses certain issues raised by the Court to be considered at the continued hearing on the Motion. The [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval, in the form of Exhibit F hereto, shall:

- a. Approve, as to both form and content, Class Notice as defined in Paragraph 15 above;
- b. Direct the Settlement Administrator to mail Class Notice by first class mail to the Settlement Class Members and to make it available, if a website is used, on the website;
- c. Preliminarily approve the Settlement and the certification of the Settlement Class, including appointment of the Representative Plaintiff as the representative of the Settlement Class and Proposed Class Counsel as counsel for the Settlement Class, subject only to the objections of Settlement Class Members and final review by the Court;
- d. Appoint the Settlement Administrator identified in paragraph 28 above, and approve payment of the reasonable charges of the Settlement Administrator;
- e. Preliminarily approve Proposed Class Counsel's request that the Representative Plaintiff receives an enhancement award;
- f. Schedule a Fairness and Approval Hearing, to occur no less than 210 days after entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval to consider any objections to the Settlement timely submitted to the Court, address whether the

Settlement—including the certification of the Settlement Class, the request for payment of attorney's fees and costs, and the Representative Plaintiff's enhancement award—should be finally approved as fair, reasonable, and adequate as to the Settlement Class Members, and, if so, enter the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment;

- g. Preliminarily approve the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment;
- h. Modify the existing case schedules as appropriate; and
- i. Direct that the Parties shall proceed to implement the Settlement in accordance with the terms of this Stipulation.
- 93. Final Order and Judgment. In connection with seeking final approval from the Court of the Settlement set forth in this Stipulation, the Plaintiffs will submit the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment in the form of Exhibit E hereto. The deadline to file papers in support of entry of the Final Order and Judgment will be 15 days before the date of the Fairness and Approval Hearing. The [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment includes provisions:
 - a. Approving the Settlement, including the certification of the Settlement Class, and adjudging the terms thereof to be fair, reasonable, and adequate, and directing consummation of its terms and provisions;
 - b. Approving the enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff, if any;
 - c. Approving the fees and costs to be paid to Proposed Class Counsel in connection with this Settlement, if any;
 - d. Discharging and releasing the claims, rights, duties and obligations within the scope of the releases set forth herein; and
 - e. Barring and enjoining all Settlement Class Members, excepting only those, if any, who timely and properly submitted an Opt-Out Form, from initiating, asserting, or prosecuting against Defendant or any Released Party in any forum any and all individual or class claims within the scope of the releases set forth in paragraphs 85–87 above.
- 94. Effective Date. The Effective Date of this Settlement shall be the date on which all the following have occurred:

- a. Entry by the Court of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval in the form attached hereto as Exhibit F;
- b. Approval by the Court of the Settlement, following notice to the Settlement Class and the Fairness and Approval Hearing;
- c. Entry by the Court of the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment in the form set forth in Exhibit E; and
- d. The expiration of the later of: (i) any time for appeal or review of such Final Order and Judgment; (ii) if any appeal is filed and not dismissed with prejudice, after such Final Order and Judgment is upheld on appeal in all material respects and is no longer subject to review upon appeal or review by writ of certiorari to any Court; or (iii) in the event that the Court enters a final order and judgment in a form other than that provided above ("Alternative Judgment"), and none of the Parties hereto elect to terminate this Settlement, the date on which such Alternative Judgment becomes final and no longer subject to appeal or review by any court or tribunal.
- e. Notice of Final Judgment shall be given by posting the Final Judgment on the Claims Administrator's website.
- 95. Court to Retain Jurisdiction. This Court shall retain jurisdiction over the Parties to this Stipulation of Settlement with respect to the performance and implementation of its terms. In the event that any applications for relief are made, such applications shall be made to the Court herein.
- 96. Right to Terminate. Any Party to this Settlement, by and through his, her or its counsel of record, shall have the right, but not the obligation, to terminate the Settlement and this Stipulation by providing written notice of election to do so ("Termination Notice") to all other Parties hereto within 20 days of the date upon which any of the following conditions may occur:
 - a. The Court declines to enter the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval in substantially the form of Exhibit F hereto and granting entirely the relief requested (provided, however, that the failure to award fees in the precise

amount requested, or in any amount, shall not be a basis for terminating the Settlement, consistent with paragraph 69(d));

- b. The Court declines to approve this Stipulation of Settlement in its entirety;
- c. The Court declines to certify the Settlement Class exactly as defined in paragraph 30 above;
- d. The Court declines to enter the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment in substantially the form of Exhibit E and granting entirely the relief requested (provided, however, that the failure to award fees in the precise amount requested, or in any amount, shall not be a basis for terminating the Settlement, consistent with paragraph 69(d));
- e. The Final Order and Judgment is modified or reversed in any material respect by the Court, a Court of Appeal, the California Supreme Court, or the United States Supreme Court.

Before issuing such Termination Notice, however, the Parties shall meet and confer and make reasonable efforts to address changes that might allow a revised settlement to be reached that would then be submitted for approval. The 20-day period for providing the Termination Notice set forth above shall be tolled during the pendency of such meet and confer process. Termination is effective upon delivery of the Termination Notice.

- 97. Effect of Termination. Except as otherwise provided herein, in the event the Settlement is terminated or fails to become effective for any reason, the Parties to this Stipulation shall be deemed to have reverted to their respective litigation positions as of the date of execution of this Stipulation and without regard to Defendants' prior acceptance of the general terms of Plaintiff's settlement proposal on which this Settlement is based, except as otherwise expressly provided, the Parties shall proceed in all respects as if this Stipulation and any related orders had not been entered. In such event:
 - a. The Settlement shall have no force and effect, no Party shall be bound by any of its terms, and nothing in it may be used against any Party in this or in any other proceeding (except that any Party may enforce the provisions of this Stipulation regarding termination of the Settlement or the effect of such termination);

- b. No pleading, brief, motion, or other submission to the Court relating to the Settlement, including without limitation the Motion for Certification of the Settlement Class and Preliminary Approval of the Settlement and any proposed order (the "Settlement Submissions"), shall constitute an admission of any Party of any kind or shall limit any claim, defense or argument in any way, whether substantive or procedural; and nothing in any Settlement Submission may be used against any Party in this or in any other proceeding (except that any Party may enforce the provisions of this Stipulation regarding termination of the Settlement or the effect of such termination);
- c. Defendants and the Released Parties shall have no obligation to make any payments;
- d. If this Settlement is terminated by Plaintiff, any payment made by, or on behalf of, Defendants under the terms of this Settlement prior to the effective date of termination hereof shall be refunded in full, together with interest thereon at an annual rate of 7% simple, and such amount, to the extent originally paid by The Hanover Insurance Company (plus applicable interest), remitted to Hanover at the address set forth in paragraph 29 above, within 10 days of the effective date of the termination. If this Settlement is terminated by mutual consent of the Parties, the amount remitted to The Hanover Insurance Company in accordance with the preceding sentence shall be reduced in an amount equal to one half of the costs of administration and notice actually and reasonably incurred by the Settlement Administrator ("Administrative Costs"). If this Settlement is terminated by PFC, the amount remitted to The Hanover Insurance Company under this subparagraph shall be reduced in an amount equal to the Administrative costs. In no event shall the reduction for Administrative Costs exceed the amount of any such payment previously made by, or on behalf of, PFC under the terms of this Settlement prior to the effective date of termination. To the extent that any portion of any payment already made by, or on behalf of any Defendant is not returned in accordance with the preceding sentence, PFC and The Hanover Insurance Company shall receive credit for that unreturned amount as to the remaining policy limits such that any

judgment or other settlement ultimately obtained by the Plaintiffs or by any class certified in this action against PFC and determined to be covered under the Hanover Insurance Policy shall be reduced by an identical amount.

- e. If entered before termination, the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval and/or the [Proposed] Final Order and Judgment, or any similar orders and related findings or conclusions, shall be vacated, shall be of no effect whatsoever, and may not be used against any Party in this or in any other proceeding; and
- f. The Settlement, Settlement Submissions, and all negotiations, statements, documents, and proceedings relating thereto shall be deemed confidential and not subject to disclosure by the Parties for any purpose in any proceeding.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 98. Integration. All of the exhibits attached hereto are material and integral parts hereof and are hereby incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein. This Stipulation and the attached exhibits state and contain the entire agreement and the entirety of the understandings between the Parties relating to the Settlement and transactions contemplated thereby. All prior or contemporaneous agreements, understandings, representations, and statements, whether oral or written and whether by a Party or such Party's legal counsel, are merged herein. No rights hereunder may be waived except in writing.
- 99. No Admission. This Stipulation, the Settlement, and all negotiations, statements, and proceedings in connection herewith shall not, in any event, be construed or deemed to be evidence of an admission or concession on the part of Plaintiffs, Defendants, any Released Party, any Settlement Class Member, or any other person or entity, of any liability or wrongdoing by them, or any of them, and shall not be offered or received in evidence in any action or proceeding (except an action to enforce this Stipulation and the Settlement contemplated hereby), or be used in any way as an admission, concession, or evidence of any liability or wrongdoing of any nature, and shall not be construed as, or deemed to be evidence of, an admission or concession that any person or entity has or has not suffered any damage or agrees to any theory or argument, except that the Released Parties may file this Stipulation and/or the

Final Order and Judgment in any action that may be brought against them in order to support a defense or counterclaim based on principles of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, release, good faith settlement, judgment bar or reduction, or any other theory of claim preclusion or issue preclusion or similar defense or counterclaim.

- 100. Authority. The signatories hereto hereby represent that they are fully authorized to enter into this Stipulation and bind the respective Parties to its terms.
- 101. Cooperation in Execution. The Parties agree to fully cooperate with each other to obtain Court approval of this Settlement, including without limitation execution of such documents and taking such other action as may reasonably be necessary to implement the terms of this Settlement. Nothing (including any order of the Court), however, shall require any party hereto to accept any terms, provisions, or conditions different from those stated in this Stipulation.
- 102. No Prior Assignments. The Parties hereto represent, covenant, and warrant that they have not directly or indirectly assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity any portion of any liability, claim, demand, action, cause of action, or rights herein released and discharged.
- 103. Construction. The Parties hereto represent that the terms and conditions of this Settlement are the result of arms-length negotiations between the Parties and that this Stipulation has been prepared by Proposed Class Counsel and by Defense Counsel. To the extent that there is any ambiguity or uncertainty in this Stipulation, no Party will be deemed to have caused it. Accordingly, the Parties agree that this Stipulation shall not be construed in favor of, or against, any Party by reason of the extent to which any Party or its counsel participated in the drafting of this Stipulation and that California Civil Code § 1654 and common-law principles of construing ambiguities against the drafter shall have no application.
- 104. Advice of Counsel. The undersigned Parties warrant and represent that they are agreeing to the terms of this Stipulation after having received the advice of their respective counsel, that they have had a full and unfettered opportunity to discuss the contents of this

Stipulation with their counsel, and that they fully understand and voluntarily accept the terms and conditions of this Stipulation.

- 105. No Waiver. The waiver by any Party of a breach of any term of this Stipulation shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any subsequent breach by any Party. The failure of a Party to insist on strict adherence to any provision of the Stipulation shall not constitute a waiver or thereafter deprive such Party of the right to insist upon strict adherence.
- 106. Third Party Beneficiaries. Non-party persons and entities who are recipients of the releases set forth herein are third party beneficiaries of this Stipulation.
- 107. Headings and Recitals. Paragraph or section headings contained herein are inserted as a matter of convenience and for reference and in no way define, limit, extend, or modify the scope of this Settlement or any provision hereof. Each term of this Settlement is contractual and not merely a recital.
- 108. Amendment. This Settlement may not be changed, altered, or modified except in a writing signed by the Parties hereto and approved by the Court. This Settlement may not be discharged except by performance in accordance with its terms or by a writing signed by the Parties hereto.
- 109. Binding on Successors. This Settlement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective heirs, trustees, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns.
- and agreed that, because of the large number of Settlement Class Members, it is impossible or impractical to have each Settlement Class Member execute this Stipulation. The Class Notice will advise Settlement Class Members of the precise terms and provisions, and the binding nature of, the releases described in paragraphs 85-87 above to the extent permitted by law, and such releases shall have the same force and effect as if this Settlement and this Stipulation was executed by each Settlement Class Member.
- 111. Counterparts. This Stipulation may be executed in counterparts by scanned or facsimiled signature, and when each party has signed and delivered at least one such counterpart,

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1	each counterpart shall be deemed an original and, when taken together with other signe		
2	counterparts, shall constitute one Stipulation, which shall be binding upon and effective as to		
3			
4			
5	and application of this Settlement.		
6	113. Non-Disparagement. The P	arties, including their respective counsel of record	
7	agree than no statements or remarks shall	be made by either Party, or by any agent of either	
8	Party, which in any manner shall disparage	or damage the reputation of any other Party, or any	
9	agent of any Party, within the community.		
10			
11	SO STIPULATED AND AGREED:	· ·	
12	Date:, 2019		
13		Jose Cuevas, Plaintiff and Class Representative,	
14		Transmit and Class representative,	
15	Date: October 10, 2019	Tolist W	
16		Authorized Representative, Phillips Fractor & Co., LLC	
17		Timps Fractor & Co., EDC	
18	Date: , 2019	!	
19		Authorized Representative, California Survey Research Services, Inc.	
20		Camolina Survey Research Services, Inc.	
21	Approved as to form and content.		
22	Date: , 2019		
23	, 2017	Law Office of Ball & Yorke	
24			
25		Allen R. Ball	
26		For Plaintiffs and the Class	
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1	each counterpart shall be deemed an original and, when taken together with other sign		
2	counterparts, shall constitute one Stipulation, which shall be binding upon and effective as to		
3	Parties.		
4	112. Applicable Law. The Parties	agree that California law governs the interpretation	
5	and application of this Settlement.		
6	113. Non-Disparagement. The Pa	rties, including their respective counsel of record	
7	agree than no statements or remarks shall b	e made by either Party, or by any agent of either	
8	Party, which in any manner shall disparage of	or damage the reputation of any other Party, or any	
9	agent of any Party, within the community.		
10			
11	SO STIPULATED AND AGREED:		
12	Date: October 0, 2019	LOSE CUEVAS	
13		Jose Cuevas, Plaintiff and Class Representative,	
14		1 1411111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 111	
15	Date: , 2019	·	
16		Authorized Representative, Phillips Fractor & Co., LLC	
17		1 maps 2 mass 2 co., — c	
18	Date: , 2019		
19	,	Authorized Representative, California Survey Research Services, Inc.	
20			
21	Approved as to form and content.		
22	Date: , 2019		
23	520.5	Law Office of Ball & Yorke	
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25		Allen R. Ball	
26		For Plaintiffs and the Class	
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	Third Amended Joint Stipulation	of Settlement and Release of Class Action	

1	each counterpart shall be deemed an original and, when taken together with other signe		
2	counterparts, shall constitute one Stipulation, which shall be binding upon and effective as to a		
3	Parties.		
4	112. Applicable Law. The Parties agree that California law governs the interpretation		
5	and application of this Settlement.		
6	113. Non-Disparagement. The Parties, including their respective counsel of record		
7	agree than no statements or remarks shall be made by either Party, or by any agent of either		
8	Party, which in any manner shall disparage or damage the reputation of any other Party, or an		
9	agent of any Party, within the community.		
10			
11	SO STIPULATED AND AGREED:		
12	Date:, 2019		
13		Jose Cuevas, Plaintiff and Class Representative,	
14			
15	Date:, 2019	Authorized Domesontative	
16		Authorized Representative, Phillips Fractor & Co., LLC	
17			
18	Date:, 2019	Authorized Representative,	
19 20		California Survey Research Services, Inc.	
21	Approved as to form and content.		
22			
23	Date:, 2019	Law Office of Ball & Yorke	
24		Law Office of Bair & Torke	
25			
26		Allen R. Ball For Plaintiffs and the Class	
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7		Michael H/Wallenstein, For Defendant Phillips Fractor & Co., LLC
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9	Date:, 2019	Bassi, Edlin, Huie & Blum LLP
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11		Farheena A. Habib,
12		For Defendant California Survey Research Services, Inc.
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4	Date:,2	2019	Wolf Wallenstein & Abrams
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6			Michael II Wallongtoin
7			Michael H. Wallenstein, For Defendant Phillips Fractor & Co., LLC
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9	Date: October 11, 2	2019	Bassi, Edlin, Huie & Blum LLP
10			Larhonna Habib
11			farheena Habib Farheena A. Habib,
12			For Defendant California Survey Research Services, Inc.
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1	each counterpart shall be deemed an original and, when taken together with other	signed	
2	counterparts, shall constitute one Stipulation, which shall be binding upon and effective as to a		
3	Parties.		
4	112. Applicable Law. The Parties agree that California law governs the interpr	etation	
5	and application of this Settlement.		
6	113. Non-Disparagement. The Parties, including their respective counsel of	record	
7	agree than no statements or remarks shall be made by either Party, or by any agent of	either	
8	Party, which in any manner shall disparage or damage the reputation of any other Party,	or any	
9	agent of any Party, within the community.		
10			
11	SO STIPULATED AND AGREED:		
12	Date:, 2019		
13	Jose Cuevas,	-	
14	Plaintiff and Class Representative,		
15	Date: , 2019		
16	Authorized Representative,	_	
17	Phillips Fractor & Co., LLC		
18	Date: October 10, 2019		
19	Authorized Representative,	T	
20	California Survey Research Services,	inc.	
21	Approved as to form and content.		
22	2010		
23	Date:, 2019 Law Office of Ball & Yorke		
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CONFORMED COPY

MAR 30 2017

By: Charlis L Coleman, Deputy

Shorti R. Cerier, Executive Officer/Clerk

SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CENTRAL DIVISION

Case No.:

BC 6 5 6 1 4 2

FAKEO

CLASS ACTION

PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES:

- PROFESSIONAL NEGLIGENCE
- 2. BREACH OF CONTRACT
- 3. MALPRACTICE
- 4. BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTIES

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff JOSE CUEVAS, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and through their attorneys of record LAW OFFICE OF BALL & YORKE hereby state and allege as follows:

I.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

Plaintiff JOSE CUEVAS, individually and on behalf of all others similarly 1.

situated. The Class is defined as follows:

Allen R. Bell, Esq. (SBN 124088) LAW OFFICE OF BALL & YORKE

JOSE CUEVAS; individually and on

behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100,

Defendants.

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Ventura, California 93003

Attorneys for Plaintiffs,

VS.

Inclusive

Telephone

Facsimile

All certified members of the class previously certified by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California in the matter of SABAS ARREDONDO, et al v. DELANO FARMS COMPANY, et al, Case Number 1:09-cv-01247-MJS.

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- 2. The persons in the Class are so numerous that the joinder of all such persons is impracticable and that the disposition of their claims in a class action rather than in individual actions will benefit the parties and the court.
- The class period shall begin four years from the filing date of this complaint and continue up until the present.
- 4. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved affecting Plaintiffs and the Class. These questions of law and fact predominate over questions that affect only individual members of the Class. Proof of a common or single state of facts will establish the right of each member of the Class to recover. The claims of the plaintiffs are typical of those of the Class and plaintiffs will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class. Among the questions of law and fact common to the Class are:
 - a. Whether the Class is entitled to recover damages from their former expert as a result of breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duties, and fraud.
 - b. Whether the Class is entitled to recover damages from a survey company as a result of breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duties, and fraud.
 - c. The nature and amount of the damages the Class is entitled to recover.
- 5. There is no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy other than by maintenance of this class action since Plaintiff is informed and believes that the damage to plaintiff and each putative class member is or may be relatively small, making it economically unfeasible to pursue remedies other than a class action. Consequently, there would be a failure of justice but for the maintenance of the present class action.
- 6. The prosecution of individual remedies by members of the Class may tend to establish inconsistent standards of conduct for the Defendants and to result in the impairment of Class members' rights and the disposition of their interests through actions to which they were not parties.
- 7. Plaintiffs' claim is typical of the claims of the Class, because Plaintiffs and all Class members sustained damages which arise out of the Defendants' wrongful conduct as alleged herein.

- 8. Plaintiff is a representative party who can willfully and adequately protect the interests of the Class members, and has retained Class counsel who are experienced, and competent in class action litigation and breach of contract litigation. Plaintiff has no interests which are contrary to or in conflict with those of the Class he seeks to represent. The number and identity of the members of the Class are determinable from the records of the Defendants and/or their employer(s). Class members may be notified of the pendency of this Class action by mail.
- 9. Plaintiffs know of no difficulty to be encountered in management of this action which would preclude its maintenance as a Class action. Relief concerning Plaintiffs' rights under the laws alleged herein, and with respect to the Class as a whole, would be appropriate.

II.

THE PARTIES

- 10. Plaintiff is and at all relevant times an individual over the age of twenty one (21) years. Plaintiff is a resident of the Kern County, State of California. Plaintiff is a Class representative.
- 11. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC ("PHILLIPS") is a California Professional Corporation with a principal place of business located at Pasadena, California, and doing business in Los Angeles County, California.
- 12. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant California Survey Research Services, Inc. ("CSRS") is a California Professional Corporation with a principal place of business located at Van Nuys, California, and doing business in Los Angeles County, California.
- 13. Venue within this County and division is appropriate as all times relevant hereto, Defendants were conducting business as an expert witness consulting firm in Los Angeles County and/or were performing survey services, and/or were agents of said Defendants, or contracted to perform work on behalf of, and for the benefit of Plaintiffs and the class.

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- 14. Plaintiff does not know the true names, capacities, or organizational forms, whether individual, associate, corporate, or otherwise of Defendants named herein as DOES 1 through 100. Plaintiff will request leave of Court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of said Defendants when that information is so ascertained by the Plaintiffs.
- 15. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each Defendant named herein by the fictitious names "DOES" was and is in some way responsible for and proximately caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- Defendants PHILLIPS, CSRS and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and each of them, acted by and through their servants, employees, agents, associates, and/or any and all other individuals and/or entities working for or on behalf of the Defendants and/or for the benefits of Defendants, and/or for the benefit of Plaintiff and the Class, and that each of said employees, agents, associates, and any and all individuals and/or entities working for or on behalf of said Defendants, and/or for the benefits of said Defendants and/or Plaintiff and the Class who did and/or failed to do the things complained of herein were duly authorized agents of said Defendants, and each of them, and at all times herein mentioned, were acting within the course and scope of said employment, and their acts and omissions as herein alleged were ratified by and/or authorized by and/or done with the prior knowledge and consent of the Defendants, and each of them.
- 17. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon allege that Defendants PHILLIPS, CSRS and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and each of them, were at all times herein mentioned, the servants, employees, agents, and/or associated of all other Defendants, and at all times herein mentioned were acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment, and at all times herein mentioned their conduct as herein alleged was ratified by and/or authorized by and/or done with the prior knowledge and consent of the other Defendants, and each of them.

FACTUAL HISTORY

- 18. The Class filed a class action lawsuit in July, 2009 against Delano Farms Company and other defendants alleging a number of employment related claims, including but not limited to failure to pay for wages for "off-the-clock-" claims, failure to reimburse for inecessary tool purchased, and penalties, fees, and costs. The lawsuit was filed in the Eastern District of California (Fresno Division), under the name Sabas Arredondo et al v. Delano Farms, Co. et al. (Case Number 1:09-cv-01247-MJS (hereafter "Delano Farms matter" or action).
- 19. The Class hired Defendant PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC ("PHILLIPS") to act as consultants and expert witnesses on behalf of the class. A true and correct copy of the retainer agreement is attached as Exhibit A.
 - William Roberts, Ph.D was the principal expert witness and agent of PHILLIPS.
- 21. In or around September 2015, in order to conduct the consultation and expert witness services required, and in consultation with, and based on recommendation of, Roberts, Plaintiffs in the *Delano* Farms matter hired Defendant CALIFORNIA SURVEY RESEARCH SERVICE ("CSRS") to execute a door-to-door survey according to Roberts' design. Roberts recommended CSRS, represented that he had a strong-working relationship with it, had past experience with it, and that CSRS could handle the door-to-door survey project.
- 22. Defendant CSRS then retained Defendants BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH ("BMR"), concealing from Plaintiffs and their counsel that CSRS had never worked with BMR before. Margarita Rodriguez of California Survey Research Services (CSRS) made initial contact with BMR by telephone on September 22, 2015, speaking with Maricruz Estrada of BMR. When asked if BMR had experience doing door-to-door survey work, Maricruz of BMR replied "yes." That representation was false.
- 23. From the beginning, BMR knew the project required "door-to-door" survey work and determined it's pricing to CSRS based on a door-to-door survey.

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- 24. BMR, however, was undercapitalized, understaffed, and under experienced. It made a number of misrepresentations on its webpages, such as the identities of its employees and its experience. In fact, neither BMR nor its principals had any significant prior experience with surveys of this kind, and, Defendants PHILLIPS, CSRS and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and each of them, had no reasonable basis upon which to believe that BMR had any such experience.
- Dr. Roberts to move forward with CSRS to conduct the door-to-door survey according to the terms of the bid received on October 1, 2015. CSRS would be "responsible for overseeing the project management, Spanish language interviewing, training and quality control of the door-to-door interviews." Plaintiffs' Counsel relied on CSRS for training and selection of the interviewer personnel, as well as "quality control" of the data collection and processing, as outlined in the CSRS bid.
- A training meeting with BMR in Bakersfield was arranged by CSRS in or around 26. November 2015. BMR met with CSRS in an office space at the "Regus" in Bakersfield. BMR rented that space for the meeting. The meeting was attended by persons held out to be BMR survey interviewers, Maricella Arreola and Guadalupe "Lupita" Estrada, as well as Maricruz Estrada and Timothy Armwood. Margarita Rodriguez of CSRS was also present. At the meeting, Ms. Rodriguez delivered four (4) (iPad) tablets and provided BMR with an initial check for \$1,000.00. Ms. Rodriguez demonstrated to BMR personnel how to use the tablets to conduct the survey and the attendees became familiar with using the tablets. Ms. Rodriguez explained the need to collect phone numbers to accomplish validation for the survey. Ms. Rodriguez stated that validation would be done to ensure the numbers and everything matched, and that BMR would need to collect the phone numbers from the survey. CSRS instructed BMR to conduct door-to-door survey work in various cities in the local area. Timothy Armwood was informed by CSRS that only persons who executed a "confidentiality" form could perform work on the survey. Confidentiality forms were executed by the attendees (and later by Reyna Gutierrez) and were submitted by BMR to CSRS. Timothy Armwood was

informed by CSRS that the survey was for a legal case, and that CSRS would expect a subpoena; so the survey would need to be handled with care and precision.

- 27. The Delano Farms project survey work started on November 13, 2015, and finished at the end of November, 2015. Three of the BMR interviewers who had signed confidentiality papers for CSRS, however, quit before performing any work for BMR a fact concealed by BMR through March 2016. Mr. Armwood informed these interviewers BMR couldn't afford to pay until after the project was completed. When the interviewers objected, BMR communicated through Marieruz Estrada that BMR did not want them working on the Delano Farms project.
- 28. BMR decided to undertake the project using a single bilingual interviewer, Maricru Estrada. Mr. Armwood testified that BMR did not try to find replacement interviewers because BMR didn't want to hassle with CSRS about procuring additional confidentiality agreements. In fact, none of the three BMR interviewers who quit did any of the work on the survey; Maricruz Estrada and Timothy Armwood conducted all of the survey interviews. The BMR interviewers only showed up for the initial meeting with CSRS on November 9, 2015.
- Maricella Arreola, Reyna Gutierrez, and Guadalupe "Lupita" Estrada never worked for BMR prior to the Delano Farms survey project.
- 30. According to Maricruz Estrada, BMR never sought to find replacement interviewers and did not inform CSRS, because there was no need to inform CSRS. BMR never informed CSRS that Maricruz Estrada and Timothy Armwood performed all of the survey interviews.
- 31. BMR has never had communications with Dr. Roberts or PHILLIPS FACTOR regarding the conduct of the survey.
- 32. Timothy Armwood testified that he understands only a few phrases in Spanish, which is not his second language. He testified that he didn't conduct any interviews in Spanish. According to Mr. Armwood, when he came across people who spoke only Spanish during the survey work Maricruz Estrada would translate for him. Mr. Armwood testified that he and Maricruz Estrada went to the majority of the survey addresses together. Maricruz Estrada

confirmed that she is Spanish speaking, bilingual, but Timothy Amwood is not bilingual and speaks only English.

- 33. BMR knew the survey design required visiting identified persons door-to-door, with mostly Spanish-speaking workers.
- 34. Timothy Armwood testified that BMR conducted the survey interview work using a CSRS supplied list (often referred to as a "spreadsheet") with street addresses and respondent ID numbers for hand written notation of door to door interview results. Maricruz Estrada testified that BMR documented the work by handwritten notes on the spreadsheets provided by CSRS, which were returned with BMR's original notes to CSRS at the end of the survey. Maricruz Estrada testified that BMR used the spreadsheets to organize the survey work at addresses in the same areas. BMR claimed to select addresses around each other within the same block or a minute away from each other, allowing BMR to complete survey interviews without wasting time traveling across town.
- 35. According to Marieruz Estrada, the time it took to conduct each interview for the survey was approximately 15 to 30 minutes. According to Timothy Armwood, the survey work required about 10 to 15 minutes to complete each interview.
- 36. Maricruz Estrada testified that she and Mr. Armwood used Google or Map Quest to drive to an address on the spreadsheet. She testified that steps generally followed in conducting the survey were to look at the spreadsheet address and use Map Quest to find the address; drive to the address; input the ID number of the resident; and, knock on the door to try to talk to that person. She testified that they had to enter a person's ID number on the spreadsheet order to open the iPad. She testified she would generally open the iPad while in the vehicle before she knew if the identified person at the address was at home, and that if there was no answer at the door, she'd then "click on not home." She testified that, sometimes, she would just walk back to wait in the car to close the iPad not by pushing the button directly but by shutting the iPad case to close it down. She testified that they would also make a handwritten note on the spreadsheet once back in the car.

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- the survey at or near each house listed on the spreadsheet for BMR to visit while conducting house-by-house interviews. He testified that he would place the code in the tablet "at the door" of the house regardless of whether the door was opened "because everything had to have a disposition." Maricruz Estrada testified that handwritten notes were made on the spreadsheets to track who had been visited and also to track interviews that were actually completed. She testified that she and Timothy Armwood entered the handwritten notes on the spreadsheets document. She testified that, if the spreadsheet has a handwritten note, then BMR visited that address. She testified that their spreadsheet notes provide more detail the information than what was recorded in the tablet. She testified that the notes on the spreadsheet were entered accurately and to the best of their ability.
- 38. According to Marieruz Estrada, on November 30, 2015, CSRS notified BMR that it was having a difficult time validating the interviews by phone. Mr. Noiwangmuang of CSRS testified that CSRS's survey software transmitted the responses collected in the field directly to CSRS's sever, along with time/ date stamps, GPS, length of interview, and other validating information.
- 39. In or around December 2015, PHILLIPS, through Roberts, advised Plaintiff's counsel that although there was difficulty reaching alleged survey participants by phone, there were other hallmarks that that the data was reliable, such as spot-checking GPS information, internal statistical correlation with some answers, and the training of the interviewers CSRS had misrepresented that it had validated data through spot-checking GPS locations and other validating markers, when in fact, CSRS had failed to perform any "quality control" work, or if it did perform any quality control work, it has performed so poorly that it was useless, unreliable, and a failure.

- 40. But at the time of these representations, PHILLIPS had no reasonable basis upon which to believe that the representations were true. For its part, although PHILLIPS could have asked CSRS for data to itself perform spot-checks of the interview work, PHILLIPS did not perform such work and relied only on CSRS to perform quality control, since PHILLIPS believed CSRS would do so. In fact, neither PHILLIPS nor CSRS had confirmed the reliability of any such data.
- did not have the personnel who were trained to do with the interviewers perform the interviews; and submitted false data. Instead of conducting door-to-door surveys of Delano Farm workers regarding their experience with alleged wage and hour violations, BMR sat in public parking lots such as Starbucks, Wal-Mart and other stores, filling in fake information, but passing it off as the survey answers from Delano Farms workers. Had CSRS performed basic spot-checking of GPS data captured by its iPads, as it said it would, or had PHILLIPS performed basic spot checking of GPS data, either would have confirmed that the survey information being collected was not being collected door-to-door at workers' homes, but in public parking lots. They would have discovered the surveys were lasting less time than reasonably needed to conduct a survey and they would have discovered other markers or unreliability.
- 42. Roberts and CSRS purportedly relied on this falsified data as the basis for PHILLIPS' expert witness report which was designed to prove liability and damages for the Delano Farms Class wide wage and hour violations.
- April and May 2016 and, conducted its own analysis of the survey work, after discovering the meaning of highly technical code and information in the deposition of CSRS programmer Al Noiwangmuang. It indicated that numerous interviews did not occur at the address of the reported class member. In fact, there were: a) 51 interviews at various McDonalds locations in McFarland, Wasco, Shafter and Delano; (not at employee homes) b) 19 interviews at or near libraries in Lamont and Arvin; c) 31 interviews at or near a Starbucks in Delano; d) 31 interviews at parks or parking lots in Kern County, including Hart Lake, Kern River Park, a

 church and a high school; e) 1 interview at a female correctional facility in McFarland; and, f) 7 interviews off unnamed roads between Gorman and Mojave (off Hwy 138). Additionally, 103 of the 305 complete interviews (about 34%) had travel times greater than the length of the interview, indicating that those 103 interviews could not have occurred at the address of the respondent. Analysis also showed that 45% of the interviews (137) were completed in less than five minutes, even though Roberts and CSRS understood the interview was quite lengthy and should have taken approximately 30 minutes or longer, and only about 30% (93 out of 305) completed surveys were signed on Spanish-language signature under penalty of perjury page, even though Roberts and CSRS knew a vast majority of the workers were Spanish speakers, not English speakers.

- 44. The *Delano Farms* Class counsel notified the Delano Farms defendants and the court of the fraudulent survey results in May 2016, and then withdrew the expert report because it was based on fraudulently collected -- i.e. fabricated -- data.
- 45. After withdrawing Roberts's expert witness report. The *Delano* Farms Class counsel sought relief from the District Court to modify the scheduling order to permit Plaintiffs in that case to conduct a new, valid survey. The Court denied relief, effectively leaving the Class without an expert witness and expert witness report for its claims.
- 46. The *Delano Farms* case settled at private mediation on August 24, 2016, for \$6,000,000.00. In ROBERTS; expert report which was withdrawn- Roberts calculated the damages owing to the *Delano Farms* class members as following:
- a. Pre-Shift Work Class: Seven Million six hundred forty six thousand four hundred thirty eight dollars (\$7,646,438);
- b. Tools Class: up to Seven million twenty-seven thousand two hundred fifty dollars and thirty-five cents (\$7,027,250.35)
- c. Wage Statement Class: Twenty-one million one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred fifty (\$21,151,550);
- d. Waiting Time Penalty Class: One hundred thirteen million three hundred sixty-seven thousand three hundred seventy-six dollars (\$113,367,376).

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

PROFESSIONAL NEGLIGENCE

As to and against Defendants PHILLIPS and CSRS

- Plaintiff restates and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 46 of this 47. Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- At all times relevant hereto, Defendants PHILLIPS and CSRS owed a duty of care 48. to the Class to conduct a scientific survey using reliable principles reliably applied, and, to hire competent professionals to perform this work in accordance with relevant standards of care within the industry. Defendants also owed a duty of care to the Class to properly oversee and conduct quality control work of the door-to-door survey to ensure the survey was valid and could withstand challenged by Defense counsel.
- Defendants breached the relevant duty of care as follows: Defendant PHILLIPS 49. retained CSRS and Defendant CSRS retained BMR when they knew or should have known that each entity was not competent to perform the services requires; failed to supervise and monitor the performance of each entity; and otherwise failed to perform competently.
- As an actual and proximate result of Defendants' acts or omissions they were the 50. actual and proximate cause of substantial loss to the Class were harmed in the amount of Fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) or according to proof at trial.

IV.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

BREACH OF CONTRACT

(As to and against Defendants PHILLIPS and CSRS)

- Plaintiffs incorporate paragraphs 1 through 50 of this complaint as if fully alleged 51. herein.
- Defendants PHILLIPS and CSRS entered into written contracts with the Class's 52. attorneys to conduct expert witness evaluation and consultation, and to perform a random statistical survey of Class members using reliable principles reliably applied.

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53. The Class were at all relevant times third-party beneficiaries of this contract.

54. Defendants PHILLIPS and CSRS breached this contract by failing to conduct and oversee the gathering of a valid (i.e. not fraudulent) random statistical survey of Class members using reliable principles reliably applied, and instead, by failing to properly gather, and/or supervise the gathering, of a valid survey, and, falsifying that a survey had been "spot-checked" and audited for accuracy, when in fact no valid spot-checking took place, and attempting to conceal this information from the Class.

As a direct and proximate result, the Class has suffered damages including fees in an amount to be proven at trial paid to Defendants PHILLIPS and CSRS and/or Fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000.), the settlement value of *Delano Farms* case that was lost as a result of the fraudulent and negligent survey analysis that, effectively, disqualified their expert opinion. These damages were reasonably foreseeable at the time the contract was entered.

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THIRD CASE OF ACTION

FRAUD

As to and against all Defendants

- 56. The Class restates and incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 55 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 57. As herein alleged, Defendants PHILLIPS, CSRS, BMR, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and each of them, made false representations of material facts, to wit, that it would conduct a full and honest statistical surveys of class members and monitor the results thereof.
- 58. As set forth herein, at the times those representations were made, they were false and Defendants, and each of them, knew they were false.
- 59. Plaintiffs and the Class acted in reliance on these false representations and material omissions as herein alleged.

EXHIBIT B

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES – CENTRAL DIVISION

Jose Cuevas, et al. v. Phillips Fractor & Company, LLC et al., Case Number BC656142

NOTICE OF CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS AND CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND YOUR RIGHTS

A Court authorized this notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

Your legal rights are affected whether you act or don't act. Read this entire Notice carefully.

[In Tagalog] If you would like a copy of these notices in Tagalog, please call the Settlement Administrator [___] at XXX-XXX-XXXX. They have Tagalog-speaking staff who can assist you and who can send Tagalog notices to you. Please be advised that your legal rights are affected whether you act or don't act.

IF YOU WORKED WITH GRAPES AS AN AGRICULTURAL WORKER AT DELANO FARMS IN CALIFORNIA FROM JULY 17, 2005 THROUGH FEBRUARY 15, 2017 YOU MIGHT BE ENTITLED TO MONEY FROM A CLASS-ACTION SETTLEMENT.

To: Individuals who are or were employed as non-exempt agricultural employees of Cal-Pacific Farm Management, L.P., T&R Bangi's Agricultural Services, Inc., Kern Ag Labor Management Inc., La Vina Contracting, Inc., or Elite Ag Labor Services, Inc. (the "Contractors") and performed work at Delano Farms in California at any time between July 17, 2005 and February 15, 2017, excluding those who worked only as irrigators, tractor drivers, or swampers or only in cold storage.

Former and current agricultural grape workers sued Delano Farms and several labor contractors (the "Delano & Co") that employed them in a class action lawsuit entitled Arredondo et al. v. Delano Farms Company et al (the "Arredondo Action"). During the course of the Arredondo Action, the plaintiffs in that case (the "Arredondo Plaintiffs"), who are the same persons, subject to certain limitations, as the plaintiffs in the Cuevas Action, referenced above (the "Cuevas Plaintiffs") hired California Survey Research Service ("CSRS") to administer a door-to-door questionnaire of Delano Farms workers regarding their experience with alleged wage and hour violations. CSRS retained Bakersfield Market Research ("BMR") to conduct the field work for the door-to-door questionnaires. The Arredondo Plaintiffs' expert witness, Mr. Roberts, relied on the data for part of his expert report which was exchanged with the Defendants in the Arredondo Action and filed with the Court to help demonstrate damages for the wage and hour violations asserted in the Arredondo Action.

The Arredondo Plaintiffs later came to believe that BMR never actually conducted the survey, did not have sufficient or trained personnel to perform the interviews, submitted false data and lied about their actions. The Arredondo Plaintiffs then withdrew the expert report based on their belief that the data had been fraudulently collected and/or fabricated. The Arredondo Plaintiffs sought relief from the District Court to permit them to conduct a new survey. However, the Court {00095457.DOCX/2}

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Questions? Call	Toll Free [or visit] [website]

denied this request and the Arredondo Plaintiffs thereafter settled the case for an amount that they believe was less than what they believed they would have received otherwise.

The Cuevas Plaintiffs then filed a lawsuit against Phillips Fractor & Co., LLC ("PFC"), for whom Mr. Roberts performed work as an independent contractor, and against CSRS and BMR. A proposed settlement (the "Settlement") has been reached in the *Cuevas* Action between the Cuevas Plaintiffs, on the one hand, and CSRS and PFC (the "Defendants") on the other, as the Parties wish to fully and finally settle the *Cuevas* Action as against the Defendants. The *Cuevas* Plaintiffs dismissed BMR from the *Cuevas* Action and BMR is no longer a party. The Court has preliminarily approved the Settlement and provisionally certified a Settlement Class for purposes of settlement only. You have received this Notice because the Contractors' records indicate that you are a member of the Settlement Class who participated in the *Arredondo* Settlement either by submitting a claim in that Action or by opting out. The purpose of this Notice is to inform you of how you can receive money from the Settlement, object to the Settlement, or exclude yourself from the Settlement.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS PROPOSED SETTLEMENT			
	You have the following options:		
EXCLUDE YOURSELF FROM	If you "opt-out" and exclude yourself from the Settlement, you		
THE SETTLEMENT/OPT-OUT	will not get any money from this Settlement. Any money that		
THE SETTEMENT OF TOO	would have gone to you will go to other qualified Settlement		
	Class Members. If you opt-out, you keep your right to sue the		
	Defendants for any claim you may have related to the		
	settlement in the Arredondo Action, but you will have to do this		
	on your own. To exclude yourself from this Settlement, the		
	enclosed Opt-Out Form must be postmarked on or before		
[DATE 45 days after the mailing of the Notice].			
ОВЈЕСТ	If you wish to object to the Settlement but still want to		
	participate in it if the Court approves it, then file an objection		
	with the Administrator stating why you don't like the		
	Settlement. If you wish to be heard at the Fairness and		
	Approval Hearing, you must say so in your objection. If the		
	Court does not agree with your objection, you will still be		
	entitled to participate in the Settlement. Written objections to		
the Settlement must be filed with the Court on or			
	[DATE].		
Do Nothing	To get money from the settlement, you do not need to do		
	anything. If you are a Settlement Class Member who		
	participated in the Arredondo Settlement either by		
	submitting a claim form or opting out, and you do not		
exclude yourself from the Settlement Class in th			
	your share of the Settlement Amount will be mailed to you.		
	You will be bound by the Settlement. A judgment, whether		
	in favor of Plaintiff or not, will bind all class members who		
do not request exclusion.			

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BASIC INFORMATION

1. WHY DID I GET THIS NOTICE?

Records from Cal-Pacific Farm Management, L.P., T&R Bangi's Agricultural Services, Inc., Kern Ag Labor Management Inc., La Vina Contracting, Inc., and/or Elite Ag Labor Services, Inc. (the "Contractors") indicate that you performed non-exempt agricultural work at Delano Farms while employed by one of the Contractors during some time from July 17, 2005 to February 15, 2017. Thus, you may be a Settlement Class Member.

The Court has preliminarily approved a Settlement and certification of a Settlement Class in the lawsuit that may affect you. This Notice explains the terms of the Settlement, your legal rights (some of which must be exercised by the deadlines in this Notice or else be lost), what benefits are available, who is eligible for them, how to get them, and what happens if you choose to exclude yourself from the Settlement Class.

This action is pending before Judge Amy D. Hogue of the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles, Central Division. It is called *Jose Cuevas, et al. v. Phillips Fractor & Company, et al., Case Number BC656142* (the "Cuevas Action"). The Cuevas Action evolved from the Arredondo Action and encompasses, with certain limited exceptions, the same class, although the class representatives are different. The people who sued are called "Plaintiffs," and the companies they sued are called "Defendants." In a class action, one or more people, called "Class Representatives" or "Plaintiffs," sue on behalf of other people who have similar claims, the class. This case and the Court will resolve the issues for all class members, except for those who exclude themselves from the Settlement Class by submitting the Opt-Out Form.

2. WHAT IS THE LAWSUIT ABOUT?

In the Arredondo Action, Plaintiffs did agricultural work while employed at Delano Farms, at some time from July 17, 2005 to February 15, 2017. During the course of the Arredondo Action the Arredondo Plaintiffs' hired Bakersfield Market Research ("BMR") to conduct door-to-door questionnaires of Delano Farms workers regarding their experience with alleged wage and hour violations. The Cuevas Plaintiffs allege that BMR did not adequately perform the survey and provided falsified data, which was then relied on by the Arredondo Plaintiffs' expert for part of his report on damages for the wage and hour violations at issue in the Arredondo Action. The expert was an independent contractor working for PFC. BMR was hired by CSRS to conduct the questionnaire process. The Cuevas Plaintiffs and the Defendants have proposed this Settlement to resolve Plaintiffs' claims that they could have received more in the settlement in the Arredondo Action but for the alleged survey issue. The Court previously certified a class in the Arredondo action, and you may have already received a notice informing you about that certification. Plaintiffs and the Defendants have reached a settlement in the Cuevas Action and are now seeking court approval of the settlement. The Defendants deny the allegations made by

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Questions? Call _____ Toll Free [or visit] [website]

the Plaintiffs in the *Cuevas* Action and deny it infringed on any rights of, or caused any damages to, the Arredondo Plaintiffs or to the Cuevas Plaintiffs.

3. HAS THE COURT DECIDED WHO IS RIGHT?

No. The Court has not decided either whether Plaintiffs' claims or whether the Defendants' defenses are correct, or whether Plaintiffs' allegations are true or not. And by approving this Settlement and issuing this Notice, the Court is not suggesting which side would win or lose this case if it went to trial. Plaintiffs and the Defendants have decided to settle this case. Both sides have recognized the risk of the Court deciding against them at trial and determined that the Proposed Settlement is a better option for resolving the disputed claims.

4. WHAT DO QUALIFIED SETTLEMENT CLASS MEMBERS RECEIVE FROM THE SETTLEMENT (PLAN OF ALLOCATION)?

Your enclosed Notice contains an estimated calculation of your recovery. If you request to exclude yourself from the Settlement by submitting the **Opt-Out Form**, you will not receive any money from this Settlement.

In the Settlement, the Defendants have agreed to pay a total amount equal to \$1,005,000, less the fees and costs PFC incurred in defending this action and in preparing and finalizing the Settlement (the net amount is the "Settlement Amount"), to resolve this class action as to the Defendants, and to secure the releases set forth in the Settlement. The following items will be paid from the Settlement Amount: Fees and costs owed to the attorneys representing the Plaintiffs and class ("Class Counsel"); as may be approved by the Court an enhancement payment to the named Class Representative; costs incurred to administer the Settlement; and any taxes, or other payments made to any governmental authority in connection with the Settlement. After the aforementioned items are paid, the money that remains (the "Net Settlement Fund") will be distributed to those qualified members of the Settlement Class who do not opt out.

The Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share represents your total share of the Net Settlement Fund. It assumes that all Settlement Class Members will cash their Settlement checks. Your Anticipated Settlement Share is based on the total number of weeks you performed non-exempt agricultural work for a contractor at Delano Farms between July 17, 2005 and February 15, 2017, ("Class Work") divided by the total number of weeks that the qualified members of the Settlement Class performed Class Work. Weeks worked by class members after April 8, 2012 will be valued at 50% of the weeks performed prior to that date. Weeks after April 8, 2012 are being valued less because it appears some changes were made by the Defendants in the *Arredondo* Action after that lawsuit was filed that corrected some of the alleged prior violations.

The actual amount of money you will receive as part of the Settlement could be more or less than this estimate.

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Questions? Call _____ Toll Free [or visit] [website]

WHO IS IN THE SETTLEMENT CLASS

5. AM I PART OF THE SETTLEMENT CLASS?

"Settlement Class" and/or the "Settlement Class Members" means and includes any and all individuals who are included in the Arredondo Settlement Class certified in the Arredondo Action, whether or not they opted out of that class, who do not opt out of the Settlement Class in the Cuevas Action. The number of employees who participated in the Arredondo Settlement Class, include 5,758 employees who submitted claims forms inclusive of 44 employees who opted out ("Claiming Class Members".) Only Claiming Class Members will recover a portion of the Settlement Amount.

If this Notice is addressed to you, you are a Claiming Class member: (i) because the Contractors' records indicate that you performed non-exempt agricultural work at Delano Farms while employed by at least one of the Contractors at Delano Farms at some time between July 17, 2005 and February 15, 2017 and are therefore part of the Settlement Class, and (ii) because you participated in the *Arredondo* Settlement either by submitting a claim or by opting out of that Settlement. The Settlement Class covers current and former employees, excluding those who worked only as irrigators, tractor drivers, or swampers, or only in cold storage.

6. WHAT IF I PREVIOUSLY COMPLETED AN OPT-OUT FORM IN THE ARREDONDO ACTION?

If you previously requested to be excluded from the *Arredondo* Action litigation class that was certified in April of 2011, or from the *Arredondo* Action Settlement Class that was approved on February 15, 2017, you are still part of the Settlement Class in the *Cuevas* Action. If you wish to exclude yourself from the Settlement Class in the *Cuevas* Action, you will need to complete and return the enclosed Opt-Out Form by the deadline.

7. WHAT IF I USED A DIFFERENT NAME WHILE WORKING AT DELANO FARMS?

If you used a different name or names while performing Class Work (non-exempt agricultural work performed for a Contractor at Delano Farms between July 17, 2005 and February 15, 2017), and there are records verifying your work, you are still a Settlement Class Member and you still have a right to the benefits of the Settlement if you are a Claiming Class Member. If the name or names you used do not appear on your Notice, you will need to follow the procedures for challenging your Anticipated Settlement Share as described in the answer to Question 9, below. If you decide to exclude yourself by completing the Opt-Out Form, please list all of the names you used while performing Class Work.

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Questions? Call _____ Toll Free [or visit] [website]

YOUR RIGHTS AND OPTIONS

8. How Do I Receive Money From The Settlement?

TO GET MONEY FROM THE SETTLEMENT, YOU DO NOT NEED TO DO ANYTHING. If you are a Settlement Class Member and do not exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you will be bound by the settlement. The judgment will bind all members of the Settlement Class who do not request exclusion. By participating in the settlement, you receive payment and will release Defendants for all claims asserted in the Complaint on file in the case, and any other claims arising from the same factual allegations.

If the Court gives final approval to the settlement, the Claims Administrator will send you a check at a later date to the address it has on file for you.

9. Can I GET MONEY NOW?

No. The Court will hold a Fairness and Final Approval Hearing on [_____], 2020, to decide whether to give the Settlement final approval. No checks will be mailed to Settlement Class Members until after the Court has given final approval to the Settlement and all appeals have been exhausted, which can sometimes take more than a year.

10. WHAT IF MY ANTICIPATED SETTLEMENT SHARE ON MY CLAIM FORM IS WRONG?

If you believe that the information about your anticipated settlement share on this Notice is incorrect, you must provide a written explanation of the basis for your challenge and submit any documents that support your position to the Settlement Administrator. You must deliver these documents postmarked on or before []:
By mail, to:

[Settlement Administrator]

Please be sure to include your name, your address, your phone number, and the Control Number found on the upper-right-hand corner of your Notice.

If you submit a timely challenge to your anticipated settlement share, the Settlement Administrator will review and verify the basis for your anticipated settlement share. Unless you can establish a different number of qualifying work weeks based on documentary evidence, the total number of work weeks established by records in the possession of the Settlement Administrator will control. Any such challenges shall be resolved by the Settlement Administrator, who shall examine the records available. The Settlement Administrator's determination shall be final and will be mailed to you no later than [______].

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Questions? Call _____ Toll Free [or visit] [website]

Depending on how a challenge to your anticipated settlement share is resolved, you may a new Claim Notice from the Settlement Administrator.	receive
Alternatively, the Settlement Administrator may inform you that it is not making any char the Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share on your Notice. In that case, you will need to if you want to participate in the Settlement and/or file an objection, or opt-out. You must your Objection or Opt-Out Form postmarked on or before []. Objections must be filed with the Settlement Administrator no lat [].	decide deliver
11. WHAT IF I DON'T WANT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT?	
If you wish to be excluded from the Settlement, the enclosed Opt-Out Form must be posted on or before []. If you do not submit the Opt-Out Form on or before the due day will be bound by the Settlement and its terms.	narked te, you
Anyone who submits a timely and complete Opt-Out Form will no longer be a member Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Class, cannot file an objection, and will not receive any money from the Settlement Class, cannot file an objection of the Settlement Class of the Settlement	lement.
12. How Are My Rights Affected If I Opt-Out Of The Settlement?	
Completing and submitting the Opt-Out Form means that you do not get a share Settlement money but you will retain the right to bring your own individual lawsuit to claims you may have against the Defendants.	
13. Release Of Claims	
The Settlement Class Members (other than those who file timely Opt-Out Forms) and their predecessors, successors, assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, attorneys, and and any other person acting on his or her behalf release the Defendants and each of subsidiaries, parents, affiliates, owners, shareholders, general and limited partners, predectinsurers, agents, employees, independent contractors, heirs, executors, successors, attransferees, officers, officials, directors, members, managers, attorneys, beneficiaries, to personal representatives, or other representatives (collectively the "Released Parties") of all claims, actions, rights, demands, charges, debts, liens, obligations, costs, expenses, restitution, compensation, disgorgement, benefit(s) of any type, equitable relief, cobligations, liquidated damages, statutory damages, damages, penalties of whatever description, attorneys' fees, interest, complaints, causes of action, obligations, or liability and every kind, known or unknown, at law or inequity, contingent or otherwise (i) the asserted or that could have been asserted in the <i>Cuevas</i> Action or (ii) that are, were, or cobased on, that arose or could arise out of, or that in any way relate to the same or subst similar facts, transactions, events, policies, acts, or omissions as alleged in the <i>Cuevas</i> Action of the <i>Cu</i>	agents, of their cessors, assigns, rustees, any and wages, contract type or of any at were ould be antially
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Questions? Call Toll Free [or visit] [website]	

otherwise related to Defendants' respective work in the *Arredondo* Action on behalf of the Settlement Class Members (collectively, the "Released Claims"). The Released Claims do not include claims that could otherwise be brought by Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the Arredondo Action or against any other employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their employment. Subject to the preceding sentence, the Parties agree and, upon approval of the Settlement, the Court will order that the Released Claims include but are not limited to any and all claims against each and all of the Released Parties.

In addition to the releases set forth in the preceding paragraph, the Plaintiffs and the Defendants mutually specifically acknowledge that they each release, each from the other, not only the Released Claims set forth above but any and all claims arising from, and/or related in any way to, the same or substantially similar facts, transactions, events, policies, acts, or omissions as alleged in the *Cuevas* Action or otherwise related to Defendants' work in the Arredondo Action, on behalf of the Settlement Class Members, whether known or unknown, as of the date of entry of the [Proposed] Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval. Such additional releases shall not include claims that could otherwise be brought by Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the Arredondo Action or against any other employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their employment. Subject to the preceding sentence, this additional release shall have the effect of resolving all claims which may currently exist between the Parties.

In connection with the Released Claims and the mutual releases set forth above, and with the exception of any claims that could otherwise be brought by Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the *Arredondo* Action or against any other employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their employment, all parties mutually, including the Settlement Class Members and the named Parties each for himself, herself, or itself waives the provisions of California Civil Code Section 1542, which states:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR

These releases apply, as of the effective date of the Releases, to the named Parties and to the Settlement Class Members but are not intended to release claims that cannot be released as a matter of law. Settlement Class Members are advised that they may contact Class Counsel about the terms of this Paragraph and of the meaning and consequences of waiving the provisions of Civil Code section 1542.

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THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

14. How Much Is The Proposed Settlement?

The Defendants have agreed to pay a total amount equal to \$1,005,000 less the fees and costs PFC incurred in defending this action and in preparing and finalizing the settlement (the "Settlement Amount") to resolve the *Cuevas* Action.

As described in this Notice, the amount of the Settlement available for distribution to the Settlement Class from the Settlement Amount is called the Net Settlement Fund. The Net Settlement Fund is estimated at \$[_____]. It has been calculated by subtracting the following from the Settlement Amount: Proposed attorneys' fees for lawyers representing Plaintiffs, known as Class Counsel; Class Counsel's estimated litigation costs; Proposed Class Representative's enhancement fee; settlement administration costs and the estimated payments for taxes, withholdings, or other payments made to any governmental authority on Plaintiffs' behalf in connection with the Settlement. The calculation of the Net Settlement Fund has been provided on the Notice. The total Net Settlement Fund available to the Settlement Class will vary if the Court does not approve the requested amounts listed in the Notice.

15. CLASS REPRESENTATIVE ENHANCEMENT PAYMENT?

In addition to their share of the Net Settlement Fund, the Representative Class Member, Plaintiff Jose Cuevas, will be paid an amount not to exceed \$1,000. This award is subject to approval by the Court. It is being made to compensate the Representative Class Member for his work in representing the class in the lawsuit. This payment of an amount not to exceed \$1,000 will be deducted from the Settlement Amount.

16. PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS

Class Counsel, the lawyers representing the Plaintiffs and Settlement Class, will seek approval from the Court for payment of fees in the maximum amount of 25% of the Settlement Amount, but not to exceed \$191,750, which is in the percentage range for class actions of this type. They will also seek an amount not to exceed \$7,500 in litigation costs. These are expenses that were paid for by the attorneys during the litigation of this case. If approved by the Court, these fees and costs will be deducted from the Settlement Amount. Defendants have agreed not to oppose Class Counsel's fees, but you may object to the request for fees and/or costs.

17. Costs of Administration

The cost of administering the Settlement will be deducted from the Settlement Amount. Kurtzman Carson Consultants ("KCC") has been appointed as the Settlement Administrator. Its duties include preparing and mailing this Class Notice, attempting to find correct addresses and to re-deliver the Class Notice to those that are returned when initially mailed, establishing and

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Questions? Call _____ Toll Free [or visit] [website]

maintaining a toll-free telephone information line [and WEBSITE], and processing Opt-Out Forms. You can reach them by phone at [(800) ###-####] [or by visiting their website at [www.____]].

It is estimated that it will cost an amount not to exceed \$54,863 for KCC to complete its work. When possible, KCC will try to minimize its costs and any savings will remain as funds for distribution to those Settlement Class Members.

THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING YOU

18. DO I HAVE A LAWYER IN THIS CASE?

The Court has appointed the Law Office of Ball & Yorke of Ventura, California, and Martinez, Aguilasocho & Lynch of Bakersfield, California to represent the Settlement Class. These lawyers are called "Class Counsel." You will not be charged for these lawyers' services or work. Any Class Member that does not request exclusion may, if the Class Member so desires, enter an appearance through Class Counsel. You may contact Class Counsel, Law Office of Ball & Yorke at 805-642-5177and Class Counsel, Martinez, Aguilasocho & Lynch at 661-859-1174 to answer your questions regarding the Settlement.

19. PLAINTIFFS AND CLASS COUNSEL SUPPORT THE SETTLEMENT

Jose Cuevas, as Class Representative, and Class Counsel support this Settlement. Their reasons include the risk of trial on the merits and the inherent delays and uncertainties associated with further litigation. Based on their experience in this case and in litigating similar cases, Class Counsel believes that further proceedings in this case, including trial and probable appeals, would be very expensive and take a long time. No one can confidently predict how the Courts would ultimately resolve the various legal questions at issue, including the amount of damages. Therefore, upon careful consideration of all of the facts and circumstances of this case, Class Counsel believes that the proposed Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The Representative Plaintiff and Class Counsel support the claims process to ensure that the majority of the settlement proceeds are distributed to the Settlement Class.

20. SHOULD I GET MY OWN LAWYER?

You do not need to hire your own lawyer because Class Counsel is working on behalf of the Settlement Class. However, if you want someone other than Class Counsel to appear in Court or represent you, you will need to hire and pay that lawyer yourself.

FAIRNESS AND FINAL APPROVAL HEARING

21. WHEN AND WHERE IS THE FAIRNESS AND FINAL APPROVAL HEARING?

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Questions? Call ______ Toll Free [or visit] [website]

The Fairness and Final Approval Hearing will be held before the Honorable Judge Amy D. Hogue on [DATE] at [TIME] in Department 7 of the Spring Street Courthouse located at 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, 90012. Judge Hogue will determine whether the proposed Settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate and should be finally approved by the Court, and whether to grant Class Counsel's motion for attorneys' fees and costs and an enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff.

22. How Do I Object To The Settlement?

You may object to the terms of the Settlement before the Final Approval Hearing by filing a written objection with the Claims Administrator by [______]. The objection must contain your full name, current mailing address, and telephone number, the Control Number located on the upper right Notice and Opt-Out Form, the grounds for your objection, and whether you intend to appear at the Fairness and Approval Hearing either with or without separate counsel. Only those Settlement Class Members who file timely objections indicating their intent to appear at the hearing will be entitled to be heard. If the Court rejects your objection, you will still be bound by the terms of the Settlement and will still be paid your share of the Settlement. If you want to avoid being bound by the Settlement, you must submit an Opt-Out Form. You cannot make a written objection if you decide to opt out.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO OBJECT BY TELEPHONE

23. Do I Have To Come To The Fairness And Final Approval Hearing?

No, Settlement Class Members do not need appear at the Fairness and Final Approval Hearing. However, if you filed an objection to the Settlement with the Court, it will be considered at the Fairness and Final Approval Hearing.

GETTING MORE INFORMATION

24. How Can I GET More DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT?

This Notice contains a summary of the terms of the Settlement intended to inform you of your legal rights and options with respect to the Settlement. For the exact terms and conditions of the Settlement, you can contact the Settlement Administrator at [NUMBER] [or see the Stipulation of Settlement Agreement available on the Settlement Administrator's website at [WEBSITE]]. The pleadings and other records in the *Arredondo* Action may be examined at any time during regular business hours of the Office of the Clerk, United States District Court, Eastern District of

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Questions? Call ______ Toll Free [or visit] [website]

California, 2500 Tulare Street, Fresno, California 93721. The pleadings and other records in the *Cuevas* Action may be examined at any time during regular business hours of the Office of the Clerk, Spring Street Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, in Los Angeles, California 90012.

IF YOU NEED MORE INFORMATION OR HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, you may also call the Settlement Administrator at (800) ###-#### [or by visiting their website at [WEBSITE]]. You may also contact Class Counsel at (805) 642-5177 to answer your questions regarding the Settlement.

PLEASE DO NOT CONTACT THE COURT OR DEFENSE COUNSEL ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

REMINDER OF IMPORTANT DATES AND DEADLINES

- To challenge your anticipated settlement share, you must provide a written explanation of
 the basis for your challenge and submit any documents that support your position to the
 Settlement Administrator. You must deliver these documents postmarked on or before
 [DATE]. The Settlement Administrator will mail you its determination by [DATE] and
 you will need to meet the deadlines noted below for filing an objection, or submitting an
 Opt-Out Form.
- To object to the Settlement, objections must be filed with the Court on or before [DATE]. If you wish to object to the Settlement but still want to participate in it if the Court approves it, then file an objection with the Administrator on or before [DATE] stating why you don't like the Settlement and also submit a timely Claim Form.
- To exclude yourself from this Settlement, the enclosed Opt-Out Form must be postmarked on or before [DATE].
- Fairness and Final Approval Hearing and hearing on Class Counsel's Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Enhancement Award to Representative Plaintiff: [_______].
- Notice of the Final Judgment shall be given by posting the Final Judgment on the Claims Administrator's website.

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EXHIBIT C

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES – CENTRAL DIVISION

OPT-OUT FORM

Request for Exclusion from the Settlement Class and Settlement

Jose Cuevas, et al. v. Phillips Fractor & Company LLC et al., Case Number BC656142

This form EXCLUDES you from the Settlement in the above Class Action and you will

NOT be able to receive any money from the Settlement. DO NOT use this Form if you wish
to receive money from the Settlement.

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT LEGIBLY AND USE BLUE OR BLACK INK.

4.	Your phone number: (
	C			
	-			
	State:			
	City:			
	Number and S	Street or P.O. Box:		
2.	Your mailing addre	ss:		
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	

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Questions? Call _____ Toll Free [or visit [website]]

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By checking this box I certify that I am the Settl Opt-Out Form, and that I want to opt-out (be exceeded)	
Signature of Settlement Class Member	Date Signed
If you wish to opt-out of the Settlement Class and thus I and Settlement, you must complete this form, sign it, an].	
By mail, to:	
KCC	
3301 Kerner Boulevard	
San Rafael, CA 94901	

EXHIBIT D

1 2	Allen R. Ball, Esq. (State Bar #124088) LAW OFFICE OF BALL & YORKE 1001 Partridge Drive, Suite 330 Ventura, California 93003	
3	(805) 642-5177; (805) 642-4622 Fax	
4		
5	Michael H. Wallenstein (SBN 213018) WOLF WALLENSTEIN & ABRAMS, PC	
6	11400 West Olympic Blvd., Suite 700	
7	Los Angeles, CA 90064 (310) 622-1000; (213) 457-9087 Fax	
8	Farheena A. Habib (SBN 243405)	
9	Bassi Edlin Huie & Blum LLP	
10	500 Washington Street, Suite 700 San Francisco, California 94111	
11	(415) 397-9006; (415) 397-1339 Fax	
12	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
13	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DIVISION	
14		
15	JOSE CUEVAS; individually and) Case No.: BC656142
16	on behalf of all others similarly situated,)
17	Plaintiff,) [PROPOSED] FINAL ORDER AND
18	vs.	JUDGMENT
19	PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY,	The Honorable Amy D. Hogue
20	LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100,	
21	Inclusive	
22	Defendants.	
23		
24		
25	On, 2019, this Court prelimin	arily approved the Joint Stipulation of Settlement
26	and Release of Class Actions (the "Settlement Agreement") resolving all claims against	
27	defendants Phillips Fractor & Company, LLC	C ("PFC"), and California Survey Research
28	Services, Inc. ("CSRS" and, collectively, "De	efendants") in this action (the "Cuevas Action").
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[PROPOSED] FINAL ORDER AND JUDGMENT

1	The Court's Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval also (1) provisionally
2	certified the Settlement Class; (2) directed distribution of the Class Notice and of the provisional
,3	certification of the Settlement Class; and (3) set up the Fairness and Approval Hearing. The
4	Court further ordered Plaintiffs to timely submit a motion for attorneys' fees and costs and an
5	enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff, Jose Cuevas, ("Fee and Enhancement Award
6	Motion") so that the Court could consider the Fee and Enhancement Award Motion at the
7	Fairness and Approval Hearing simultaneously with Court's consideration of final approval of
8	the Settlement Agreement. On, 2019, Plaintiffs filed their motion seeking final
9	approval of the Settlement Agreement, and the Court held the Fairness and Approval Hearing on
10	, 2019.
11	The Court has considered the following:
12	1. The points and authorities, declarations, and exhibits submitted in support of, and
13	in opposition to (if any), the motion for final approval of the Settlement Agreement ("Final
14	Approval Motion");
15	2. The points and authorities, declarations, and exhibits submitted in support of, and
16	in opposition to (if any), the Fee and Enhancement Award Motion;
17	3. The Settlement Agreement, including the exhibits thereto;
18	4. The record in the Cuevas Action and in the underlying Arredondo Action,
19	including but not limited to the points and authorities, declarations, and exhibits submitted in
20	support of, and in opposition to (if any), preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement, filed
21	[DATE];
22	5. The fact that only a small percentage (%) of Settlement Class Members
23	requested exclusion pursuant to their right to do so in response to the Class Notice;
24	6. The fact that the Class Notice provided to the Settlement Class Members provided
25	adequate notice of the proposed Settlement Agreement, their respective Anticipated Settlement
26	Shares, Certification of the Settlement Class, the Fairness and Approval Hearing, and the
27	Settlement Class Members' rights with respect to the Settlement Agreement and their respective
28	Anticipated Settlement Shares;
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[PROPOSED] FINAL ORDER AND JUDGMENT

1	7.	The fact that there were objectors to the Settlement Agreement, out of
2	Settlement C	lass Members;
3	8.	The written objections filed by and the arguments
4	advanced by	objectors at the Fairness and Approval Hearing;
5	9.	The oral presentations of Class Counsel and Counsel for Defendants at the
6	Fairness and	Approval Hearing;
7	10.	This Court's experiences and observations while presiding over the Cuevas
8	Action;	
9	11.	And all other facts pertinent to the entry of this Final Order and Judgment.
10		Based on these considerations, the Court's findings and conclusions as set forth in
11	the Order of	Certification and Preliminary Approval, and in this Final Order and Judgment, and
12	good cause a	ppearing therefor:
13	IT IS	HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:
14	1.	Definitions. The capitalized terms used in this Final Order and Judgment shall
15	have the mea	mings and/or definitions given to them in the Joint Stipulation of Settlement and
16	Release of C	lass Actions ("Settlement Agreement"), or if not defined therein, the meaning and/or
17	definitions g	iven to them in this Final Order and Judgment.
18	2.	Incorporation of Documents. This Final Order and Judgment incorporates and
19	makes a part	hereof:
20		a. The Settlement Agreement (including the exhibits thereto);
21		b. The Court's findings and conclusions contained in its Order of Certification
22		and Preliminary Approval, dated, 2019; and
23		c. The Court's findings and conclusions contained in its order [granting/denying]
24		the Fee and Enhancement Award Motion.
25	3.	Jurisdiction and Venue. The Court has personal jurisdiction over the Parties and
26	over the Sett	lement Class Members, including objectors [insert names of any objectors]. All
27	Settlement C	class Members, by failing to exclude themselves, have consented to the jurisdiction
28	of this Court	for purposes of the Cuevas action and the Settlement of this action. The Court has
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 $[PROPOSED] \ FINAL \ ORDER \ AND \ JUDGMENT$

subject-matter jurisdiction over this action, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to approve the Settlement Agreement and to issue this Final Order and Judgment and order the relief set forth herein, and to adjudicate the objections submitted to the proposed Settlement Agreement by Settlement Class Members. Venue in this Division is appropriate.

4. **Definition of the Settlement Class**. The Settlement Class is defined as follows:

All individuals who are included in the Arredondo Settlement Class Certified in the Arredondo Action, whether or not they opted out of that class, who have not opted out of the Settlement Class. The Arredondo Settlement Class was comprised of any and all individuals were employed as non-exempt agricultural employees of Cal-Pacific Farm Management, LP, T&R Bangi's Agricultural Services, Inc., Kern Ag Labor Management, Inc., La Vina Contracting, Inc., or Elite Ag Labor Services, Inc. and performed work at Delano Farms in California between July 17, 2005 and the date of entry of the Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval in the *Arredondo* Action who did not opt out, excluding those who worked only as irrigators, tractor drivers, or swampers or only in cold storage.

The Court incorporates by reference its prior determination in its Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval that the Settlement Class meets the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and California Rules of Court, Rule 3.760 et seq. and should be certified for Settlement purposes only. All Settlement Class Members who have not opted out are subject to this Final Order and Judgment.

5. Findings and Conclusions. Based on its familiarity with the *Cuevas* Action and with the underlying facts in the *Arredondo* Action, the record herein, the procedural history herein, the parties and the work of their counsel, the Court finds that the Settlement Agreement was not the product of collusion and is without any indicia of unfairness. The Court finds the Settlement Agreement is fair, reasonable, and adequate to the Settlement Class in light of the complexity, expense, and duration of the *Arredondo* Action and the likely complexity expense and duration of the *Cuevas* Action (including the risk of appellate proceedings), and the risks involved in establishing liability and damages and in maintaining the *Cuevas* Action as a class action through trial and appeal (including the risk of non-certification or decertification of the class). The Court finds that the Settlement Agreement represents a fair and complete resolution

of all claims asserted on behalf of the Settlement Class as against Defendants and will fully and finally resolve all such claims. In support of these findings and conclusions, the Court further specifically finds:

- a. There is no evidence of collusion. The proposed Settlement, as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, follows both substantial litigation and arm's-length negotiation in the *Cuevas* Action. Furthermore, the *Cuevas* Action stems from the *Arredondo* Action which was vigorously litigated for years before the Settlement Agreement was reached. Subclasses in the *Arredondo* Action had been certified and partially decertified following significant class discovery, joint employment had been tried, Plaintiffs had submitted a trial plan, and the Court was on the verge of determining whether a trial on liability and damages could proceed on that trial plan in light of the Court's ruling that no additional time would be provided for survey work and no survey would be allowed.
- b. The Settlement Agreement provides for significant cash payments to Settlement Class Members who choose to submit Claim Forms. No portion of the \$ Settlement Amount will revert back to Defendants. The portion of the Settlement Amount to be allocated to attorneys' fees and costs, Settlement administration expenses, an enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff, and Taxes or other payments due as a result of making payments to the Settlement Class is reasonable. The resulting Net Settlement Fund to be distributed to Claiming Class Members provides a substantial benefit. The Court has considered the realistic range of outcomes in the *Cuevas* Action, including the amount Settlement Class Members might receive if they prevailed at trial, the strength and weaknesses of the case, the strengths and weaknesses of Defendants' defenses, the novelty and number of the complex legal issues involved, the risk that Settlement Class Members would receive less than the Settlement Amount or take nothing at trial or otherwise, and the risk of a reversal of any judgment. The value of the Settlement Agreement to Settlement Class Members is fair, reasonable, and adequate in view of these factors and is well within a range of reasonableness.
- c. Before reaching the Settlement Agreement, Plaintiffs vigorously litigated their claims and defenses in the *Arredondo* Action in extensive proceedings before the Court in

that action, including without limitation: (i) Plaintiffs' motion for class certification; (ii) the defendants' motion for summary judgment on joint employment and the subsequent bench trial on the same issue; (iii) the defendants' motions to decertify and to require Plaintiffs to submit a trial plan; (iv) at least a dozen discovery motions filed by the Parties; (v) Plaintiffs' motion for leave to amend the complaint; and (vi) Plaintiffs' motions to modify the case schedule and related trial plans. Over the seven-year life of the *Arredondo* litigation, the Court held numerous hearings, status conferences, and a bench trial. Plaintiffs' deadline for filing a trial plan, expert disclosure and survey had passed, and the Court had set a briefing schedule to determine whether the case ought to proceed to trial based on Plaintiffs' operative plan.

- d. Before reaching the Settlement Agreement in the *Arredondo* Action,

 Plaintiffs also conducted extensive discovery on class certification, joint-employer status, and
 trying liability and damages on a class-wide basis in the *Arredondo* action.
- e. During the course of the *Arredondo* Action, Plaintiffs obtained discovery on subject matter beyond the specific allegations in the amended Arredondo Complaint.

 Plaintiffs' investigations, contentions, and allegations encompassed virtually all factual circumstances surrounding the wage-and-hour claims of the Settlement Class against the defendants in the *Arredondo* Action.
- f. Based upon the legal issues relevant to the *Cuevas* and *Arredondo* Actions and the extensive investigation of the underlying facts in both cases, Plaintiffs and Defendants were fully informed of the legal and factual bases for the claims and defenses herein and capable of balancing the risks of continued litigation (both before this Court and on appeal) and the benefits of the proposed Settlement Agreement.
- g. The Settlement Class is and was at all times adequately represented by the Representative Plaintiff and Class Counsel and satisfies the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and rule 3.760 et seq., and other applicable law. Class Counsel submit that they have fully and competently prosecuted all causes of action, claims, theories of liability, and remedies reasonably available to the Settlement Class Members as against Defendants. Further, both Class Counsel and Defendants' counsel are highly experienced trial lawyers with

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experience in complex litigation. Class Counsel and Defendants' counsel are capable of properly assessing the risks, expenses, and duration of continued litigation, including at trial and on appeal. Class Counsel submits that the Settlement Agreement is fair, reasonable and adequate for the Settlement Class Members.

- h. Defendants, individually and collectively, deny all allegations of wrongdoing and disclaim any liability with respect to any and all claims alleged by Plaintiff and the Settlement Class, including the propriety of class certification. Defendants contend that the allegations in the Cuevas Action, with respect to the validity of the data collected on behalf of CSRS and relied upon by PFC in the Arredondo Action, are untrue and that any alleged damage caused to Plaintiffs in the Arredondo Action in the form of a reduced settlement in that action is not attributable to any act or omission of either PFC or CSRS or both of them. Defendants further contend that, regardless of the validity of the data collected on behalf of CSRS and relied upon by PFC for its work in the Arredondo Action, Plaintiffs could have recovered substantial additional amounts in that Action, whether in settlement or trial, based on claims that did not rely on the disputed data for their proof. Accordingly, Defendants contend that far less, if any amount, would be recovered by Plaintiffs in the Cuevas Action than is afforded under the Settlement Agreement. Thus, Defendants agree that the proposed Settlement Agreement will provide substantial benefits to Settlement Class Members. Defendants consider it desirable to resolve the Cuevas Action to fully and finally put Plaintiff's and the Settlement Class's claims against Defendants to rest and avoid, among other things, the risks of continued litigation, the expenditure of time and resources necessary to proceed through trial and any subsequent appeals, and interference with ongoing business operations.
- i. The selection and retention of the Settlement Administrator was reasonable and appropriate.
- j. As further addressed below and in this Court's earlier Order of
 Certification and Preliminary Approval, through the distribution of the Class Notice in the form
 and manner ordered by this Court, the Settlement Class has received the best practicable notice
 of the certification of the Settlement Class, the Settlement Agreement, the respective Anticipated

1	Settlement Shares, the Fairness and Approval Hearing, and Settlement Class Members' rights
2	and options, including their rights to opt out, object to the Settlement, object to their Settlement
3	Share, and/or appear at the Fairness and Approval Hearing, and of the binding effect of the
4	orders and Judgment in the Cuevas Action on all Settlement Class Members. Said Class Notice
5	has fully satisfied all notice requirements under the law, including the California Code of Civil
6	Procedure and the due-process requirements of the United States Constitution and the California
7	Constitution.
8	k. The response of the Settlement Class to the Settlement Agreement,
9	including the definition of the Settlement Class, the scope of the Releases, and Class Counsel's
10	Fee and Enhancement Award Motion after full, fair, and effective notice thereof strongly favors
11	final approval of the Settlement Agreement. Out of over Settlement Class members,
12	submitted valid Opt-Out Forms. In response to the Class Notice mailed to the Class, only
13	Settlement Class Members filed objections to the Settlement Agreement. These objections have
14	been filed, considered by the Court, and are addressed below.
15	1. As set forth in the Settlement Agreement, Defendants have denied, and
16	continue to deny, any wrongdoing or liability relating to the Cuevas and Arredondo Actions.
17	Defendants have filed a joint statement of non-opposition to Plaintiffs' Final Approval Motion
18	and request final approval of the Settlement Agreement, and entry of the judgment in this action
19	on the terms and conditions set forth in the Settlement Agreement.
20	6. Class Notice. Based upon the declarations of Class Counsel and the Settlement
21	Administrator, the Court finds and concludes that:
22	a. The First Mailing of the Class Notice was made on, 2019 and
23	the Second Mailing on, 2020. Both mailings were performed in the form and
24	manner agreed to under the Settlement Agreement and approved by the Court in the Order of
25	Certification and Preliminary Approval. A toll-free information line began on,
26	2019[, and a website disseminating the Class Notice was established by the Settlement
27	Administrator on, 2019]. In addition, [] assisted with notifying Settlement Class
28	Members of the Settlement Agreement, completing and submitting Claim Forms, answering
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[PROPOSED] FINAL ORDER AND JUDGMENT

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questions about the Settlement Agreement, and updating addresses and contact information for Settlement Class Members.

- The Class Notice and the procedure for its dissemination was the best b. notice practicable of the certification of the Settlement Class, was reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise the Settlement Class Members of their rights, including their right to opt out of the Settlement Class, and satisfied the requirements of due process and all other applicable provisions of law.
- The Class Notice also provided fair and effective notice to the Settlement Class of the proposed Settlement Agreement and the terms thereof, including but not limited to those terms related to the determination of the Net Settlement Fund, Plan of Allocation, and Claim Form process, the claims and parties released, the binding effect of the Settlement Agreement (if approved) on all Settlement Class Members, the provisions for payment of Class Counsel attorneys' fees and costs, the Representative Plaintiff's enhancement award, Settlement Administration costs, Taxes or other payments due in connection with payments to the Settlement Class, and Class Counsel's intention to petition the Court for approval of the same, the date, time, and place of the Fairness and Approval Hearing, the process for Settlement Class Members to file Claim Forms and/or challenge their Notice of Anticipated Settlement Shares, and Settlement Class Members' rights to object to the Settlement Agreement and to appear at the Fairness and Approval Hearing (on their own or through counsel of their own selection, at their own expense) in support of any timely and validly filed objection, all as set forth in the Class Notice.
- d. The form and manner of giving notice as described herein and in the Settlement Agreement, including the steps taken for creating and updating the Class Data List, researching alternate mailing data, mailing of supplemental notices, re-mailing returned notices, and receiving and responding to Settlement Class Member inquiries (including the support services provided by the Settlement Administrator and Class Counsel constitute the best notice practicable, and were reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise the Settlement Class of their rights thereunder. The Court further finds that the Settlement Class Members were

1	afforded a reasonable period of time to exercise any rights they may have had pursuant to the
2	Settlement Agreement and the Class Notice.
3	e. The Class Notice, in the form and manner approved by the Court, satisfies
4	the requirements of due process, the United States Constitution and the California Constitution,
5	the California Code of Civil Procedure, and other applicable provisions of law.
6	7. Requests for Exclusion. A list of those persons who have timely and validly
7	requested exclusion from the Settlement Class by submitting the Opt-Out Form pursuant to the
8	terms of the Class Notice and Settlement Agreement was filed with the Court in support of final
9	Settlement approval as Exhibit to the, 2020 Declaration of Allen R. Ball, and is
10	incorporated herein. The persons on this list are excluded from the Settlement Class and
11	therefore are not Settlement Class Members, shall not be bound by the Settlement Agreement or
12	the Final Order and Judgment in the Cuevas Action, and shall not receive any portion of the
13	Settlement Amount. All other Settlement Class Members, regardless of whether they received
14	actual notice of certification or the Settlement Agreement through the mailing or publication of
15	the Class Notice documents, are included in the Settlement Class and shall be bound by all
16	proceedings, orders, and judgments in the Cuevas Action.
17	8. Based on the requirements of the Settlement Agreement and the declarations
18	submitted in support of final approval, the Court finds that all notices and requirements have
19	been satisfied. The Settlement Agreement was filed on, 2019. On, 2019,
20	Plaintiffs served the notices. On 2020, Plaintiffs served a supplement to their original
21	notice.
22	9. Settlement Class Member Objections. Full and fair notice of Settlement Class
23	Members' right to object to the Settlement Agreement and to appear at the Fairness and Approval
24	Hearing in support of such an objection has been provided in the form and manner required by
25	the Settlement Agreement, the Court's Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval, the
26	requirements of due process, and other applicable law. [ADDRESS OBJECTIONS, IF ANY]
27	10. Final Settlement Approval and Binding Effect. The terms and provisions of
28	the Settlement Agreement have been entered into in good faith, are fair, reasonable, and adequate

1	as to, and in the best interests of, the Settlement Class Members, and are in full compliance with
2	all applicable requirements of the California Code of Civil Procedure, State and Local Rules of
3	Court, the United States Constitution (including the Due Process Clause), the California
4	Constitution, and any other applicable law. Therefore, the Settlement Agreement is approved.
5	The Settlement Agreement (including its Releases), this Final Order and the Judgment shall be
6	forever binding on the Representative Plaintiff and all other Settlement Class Members, as well
7	as their predecessors, successors, assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, attorneys, and agents,
8	and shall have res judicata and other preclusive effect in all pending and future claims, lawsuits,
9	or other proceedings maintained by or on behalf of any such persons to the fullest extent allowed
10	by law.

- 11. Implementation of Settlement. The Parties and Settlement Administrator are directed to implement the Settlement Agreement according to its terms. Except as otherwise provided for in the Settlement Agreement, Defendants, the Released Parties, and Defense Counsel shall have no responsibility, liability, or involvement with regard to administering the Settlement Fund, processing of claims, or distribution of payments to class members. Plaintiffs and their counsel shall communicate with the Settlement Administrator as necessary to achieve compliance with the Settlement Agreement approved by the Court, provided that all communications concerning material matters or requiring the approval of or notice to Defendants under the Settlement Agreement are copied or otherwise contemporaneously provided to Defense Counsel.
- 12. Appeal and Implementation. Any Settlement Class Member who failed to timely and validly submit his or her objection to the Settlement Agreement in the manner required by the Settlement Agreement, the Class Notice, and this Court's Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval has waived any objection. Any Settlement Class Member seeking to appeal from the Court's rulings approving the Settlement Agreement must: (a) request a stay of implementation of the Settlement Agreement; and (b) post such bond as deemed appropriate by the Court. Absent satisfaction of these requirements, the Parties and Settlement Administrator

are authorized to proceed with the implementation of the Settlement Agreement, even if such implementation would moot any appeal.

13. Releases.

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a. The Court hereby orders that the following releases by the Settlement Class Members are and shall be, as of the date of each Defendant's desposit of its respective portion of the Settlement Amount into the Qualified Settlement Fund, fully effective:

Each Settlement Class Member and the Representative Plaintiff, and each of his or her predecessors, successors, assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, attorneys, and agents, and any other person acting on his, her, or their behalf, releases each of CSRS, its owners, Affiliates, shareholders, general and limited partners, predecessors, insurers, agents, employees, independent contractors, heirs, executors, successors, transferees, officers, officials, directors, members, managers, attorneys, beneficiaries, trustees, personal representatives, or other representatives and each of PFC, its owners, Affiliates, shareholders, general and limited partners, predecessors, insurers, agents, employees, independent contractors, heirs, executors, successors, transferees, officers, officials, directors, members, managers, attorneys, beneficiaries, trustees, personal representatives, or other representatives (collectively the "Released Parties") of and from any and all claims, actions, rights, demands, charges, debts, liens, obligations, costs, expenses, wages, restitution, compensation, disgorgement, benefit(s) of any type, equitable relief, contract obligations, liquidated damages, statutory damages, damages, penalties of whatever type or description, attorney's fees, interest, complaints, causes of action, obligations, or liability of any and every kind, known or unknown, at law or in equity, contingent or otherwise (i) that were asserted or that could have been asserted in the Current Class Action including without limitation in the Complaint, or (ii) that are, were, or could be based on, that arose or could arise out of, or that in any way relate to the same or substantially similar facts, transactions, events, policies, acts, or omissions as alleged in the Current Class Action or otherwise related to Defendants' respective work in the Arredondo Action on behalf of the Settlement Class Members, including the Representative Plaintiff (collectively the "Released Claims"). The Released Claims do not include claims that could otherwise be brought by Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the Arredondo Action or against any other employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their employment. The Released Claims include but are not limited to any and all claims against each and all of the Released Parties as described herein.

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- b. In addition to the releases set forth in the preceding paragraph, the Parties, including the Settlement Class Members, mutually specifically acknowledge that they each release, each from the other, not only the Released Claims set forth above but any and all claims arising from, and/or related in any way to, the same or substantially similar facts, transactions, events, policies, acts, or omissions as alleged in the Current Class Action or otherwise related to Defendants' work in the *Arredondo* Action on behalf of the Settlement Class Members, including the Representative Plaintiff, whether known or unknown, effective as of the date of entry of the Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval. Such additional releases shall not include claims that could otherwise be brought by Settlement Class Members against the defendants in the *Arredondo* Action or against any other employer of the Settlement Class Members for unpaid wages, or other claims arising out of their employment. Subject to the preceding sentence, this additional release shall have the effect of resolving all claims which may currently exist between and/or among the Parties.. The Court hereby orders that such additional releases are effective.
- 14. Enforcement of Settlement. Nothing in this Final Order and Judgment shall preclude any action to enforce the Settlement Agreement. Any action or other proceeding seeking to enforce or interpret the terms of the Settlement Agreement, or which seeks to interpret or avoid in any way any legal consequences of or the effect of the Settlement Agreement, the Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval, this Final Order and Judgment, or the Releases in the Settlement Agreement shall be brought solely in this Court, which shall, and hereby does, retain jurisdiction over the Parties to enforce the Settlement Agreement.
- 15. Class Counsel's Attorneys' Fees and Class Counsel Costs. Having fully assessed Class Counsel's Motion for Fees and Enhancement Award and issued an Order [granting/denying] the motion, the Court awards Class Counsel fees and costs as follows:
- a. The payment of attorneys' fees in the amount of \$ ____ and an award of costs in the amount of \$ ____ to Class Counsel as approved and directed in that order shall be the sole award of fees and expenses to which Class Counsel or any other counsel for the Settlement Class Members or the Settlement Class are entitled with respect to the Cuevas Action

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or the Settlement Agreement, or Class Counsel's administration of the Settlement Agreement. This Final Order and Judgment expressly extinguishes any and all claims and potential claims for attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses of and by any and all Class Counsel and anyone else. Current Class Counsel, and each of them, by and through the Settlement Agreement, have released each and all of the Released Parties of and from any and all claims for attorneys' fees, costs, expenses, or any monetary sums of any type connected with or relating in any manner to the *Cuevas* Action, the *Arredondo* Action, or any of the claims released as part of the Settlement Agreement. Any claims that former Class Counsel, including but not limited to the Arredondo Action Class Counsel, may have against the Released Parties are hereby extinguished by this Final Order and Judgment.

- b. No payment of Attorney's Fees or Costs that may be awarded to Proposed Counsel may be made by the Settlement Administrator until checks to all Claiming Class Members have been distributed. As soon as practical following the issuance and mailing of checks to the Claiming Class Members, the Settlement Administrator shall pay to Class Counsel from the Qualified Settlement Fund any costs, expenses and Attorneys' Fees that may be approved in this Final Order and Judgment.
- c. Defendants and the Released Parties shall have no obligation to pay attorneys' fees or costs or litigation expenses with respect to the *Cuevas* action, the Settlement Agreement, or the administration of the Settlement Agreement to any other person, firm, or entity. No Plaintiff or other Settlement Class Member shall have any obligation to pay Class Counsel any further amounts for attorneys' fees, costs, or litigation expenses in the *Cuevas* action.
- d. The Court finds that the terms of the Settlement Agreement are the product of non-collusive, arm's-length negotiation conducted among the Parties and their counsel. The Court notes in particular that approval of the Settlement Agreement was not conditioned on the award of any attorneys' fees and costs, and that the terms of the Settlement Agreement were reached through extensive negotiation.

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- Enhancement Award to Representative Plaintiff. The Court has fully e. ssed Class Counsel's Motion for Fees and Enhancement Award and issued an Order on the ion. The payment of an enhancement awards in the amount of \$____ as approved and cted in that order shall be paid by the Settlement Administrator from the Qualified Settlement l as soon as practicable following both the Effective Date and the deposit to the Qualified ement Fund of the full Settlement Amount but before any Settlement Class Member's Share stributed.
- 16. Payment to the Settlement Administrator. Based upon the declarations of usel and the Settlement Administrator, the Court finds that \$40,000 has been paid by PFC, that \$5,000 has been paid by CSRS to the Qualified Settlement Fund. PFC shall deposit the nce of its portion of the Settlement Amount within 60 days of the Effective Date of the ement Agreement, or earlier at Defendants' option. Full payment by Defendants of their ective portions of the Settlement Amount to the Qualified Settlement Fund shall fully satisfy endants' respective obligations hereunder; Plaintiffs, Class Counsel, and the Settlement Class any and all risk of loss associated with amounts paid to the Qualified Settlement Fund. endants and the Released Parties shall have no responsibility or liability for, relating to, or ng from or in connection with the appointment of the Settlement Administrator, any actions missions by the Settlement Administrator, its agents, or the agents of Class Counsel, or any gation or liability of the Qualified Settlement Fund. Without limitation, Defendants and the ased Parties are not responsible and shall have no liability in connection with the distribution ry unclaimed funds or any obligation to remit such funds to the State of California, the re to obtain or report accurate taxpayer information, the failure to withhold, remit, or pay cient Taxes, or the calculation and distribution of payments to Settlement Class Members. ement Class Members are responsible for and may owe taxes to the extent their respective tax obligations have not been fully withheld.
- 17. Payments from Settlement Amount. The Settlement Amount, and the respective portions paid thereof by Defendants, shall be the total, complete, and maximum amount payable collectively, or individually by Defendants and/or any of the Released Parties

pursuant to, and in consideration of, the Settlement Agreement, which amount cannot, may not, and shall not increase under any circumstances. All payments to the Settlement Class and or to anyone else in connection with, arising from, relating to, or in consideration of the Settlement Agreement or the resolution of the Cuevas Action shall come from the Settlement Amount, including without limitation all payments and distributions to the Settlement Class, all attorneys' fees and costs awarded in connection with the Cuevas Action or the Settlement Agreement, all costs and expenses relating to the administration of the Settlement Agreement and Class Notice, any enhancement award to the Representative Plaintiff, and all Taxes, including without limitation employer-side payments such as FICA, SUTA, and FUTA payments and all wage or other withholdings. 18. Reserve for Administrative Expenses and Taxes As soon as practicable following both the Effective Date and the deposit to the Qualified Settlement Fund of the Settlement Amount but before any Class Member's Share is distributed, the Settlement Administrator shall establish a reserve sufficient to cover fees and costs incurred by the

- 19. Payment to the Claiming Class Members. As soon as practicable following the disbursement of the payments identified in paragraph 17 and the establishment of the Reserve required by paragraph 18, the Settlement Administrator shall issue and mail checks to the

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Claiming Class Members pursuant to the Plan of Allocation and shall remit appropriate payment for or related to Taxes to the appropriate governmental authorities. No person shall have any claim against PFC, CSRS, the Released Parties, Plaintiffs, Class Counsel, Defense Counsel, the Settlement Class, and/or the Settlement Administrator based on any determinations, distributions, or other awards made in accordance with the Settlement Agreement or in furtherance of its implementation.

- 20. Allocation of Payments. The Court recognizes that it is impractical if not impossible to precisely allocate the Net Settlement Fund among the various claims asserted by the Representative Plaintiff and the Settlement Class. The Court also recognizes that disbursement of the Net Settlement Fund may trigger certain reporting and tax obligations. Because of the uncertainties involved, and in order to facilitate compliance with all applicable reporting and tax requirements, the Parties have agreed that the following allocation is reasonably related to the claims asserted by the Representative Plaintiff and the Settlement Class: the Net Settlement Funds distributed to each Claiming Class Members shall be determined pro rata based on the total number of weeks that each Claiming Class Member performed Class Work relative to the number of weeks that all Claiming Class Members performed Class Work. This allocation was negotiated at arm's length, in good faith, and in an adversarial setting and is consistent with the underlying facts and circumstances of the case, and the Court hereby orders that this allocation is appropriate and adequate.
- 21. Uncashed Settlement Checks. The Settlement Administrator shall make reasonable efforts to re-notify or re-mail checks to Claiming Class Members who have not cashed their checks within 60 days of the initial mailing of such checks, including additional efforts to obtain a correct address for such Claiming Class Members. If, upon the expiration of 60 days after re-mailing of undeliverable checks or re-notification to Claiming Class Members whose checks remained uncashed, such checks still remain uncashed, the Settlement Administrator shall cause stop-payment notices to be issued against the checks not cashed. The Settlement Administrator will then distribute and deliver the amount of the total uncashed checks

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to the remaining Claiming Class Members pro rata according to the Plan of Allocation as a supplemental payment.

- 22. **Retention of Jurisdiction.** The Court has jurisdiction to enter this Final Order and Judgment. Without in any way affecting the finality of this Final Order and Judgment, for the benefit of the Settlement Class, Defendants, and Released Parties, the Court expressly retains continuing jurisdiction as to all matters relating to the Settlement Agreement, including but not limited to any modification, interpretation, administration, implementation, effectuation, or enforcement of the Settlement Agreement; the administration of the Settlement Agreement, including payments thereunder; the Class Notice and sufficiency thereof; any objection to the Settlement Agreement; any request for exclusion from the Settlement Class; the adequacy of representation by Class Counsel and/or the Representative Plaintiff; the amount of attorneys' fees and litigation costs paid to Class Counsel; the amount of the enhancement award to be paid to the Representative Plaintiff; any claim by any person or entity relating to the representation of the Settlement Class by Class Counsel; enforcement of the Releases and injunction provisions of the Settlement Agreement and of this Final Order and Judgment; any proceedings on remand after appeal or denial of any appellate challenge; any collateral challenge made regarding any matter related to the Arredondo action, the Cuevas Action, or the Settlement Agreement or the conduct of any party or counsel relating to this litigation or to the Settlement Agreement; and all other issues related to this Action or to the Settlement Agreement.
- 23. No Admission. Nothing in this Final Order and Judgment, the Settlement Agreement, or any related documents, pleadings, court papers, or other documents, and no actions taken or statements made to effectuate or implement this Final Order and Judgment or the Settlement Agreement, shall be construed as, offered as, received as, used as, or deemed to be evidence of any kind or for any purpose in any judicial, administrative, regulatory, or other action or proceeding (including in the Arredondo or Cuevas Actions), except for purposes of obtaining approval of the Settlement Agreement or entry of judgment in this Action, enforcement or implementation of the Settlement Agreement, or to support any defense by Defendants or the Released Parties based on principles of res judicata, collateral estoppel, release, waiver, good-

faith Settlement, judgment bar or reduction, full faith and credit, setoff, or any other theory of claim preclusion, issue preclusion, release, injunction, or similar defense or counterclaim to the extent allowed by law. Without limiting the foregoing, neither the Settlement Agreement nor any related negotiations, statements, mediation positions, notes, drafts, outlines, memoranda of understanding, or court filings or proceedings relating to the Settlement Agreement or its approval shall be construed as, offered as, received as, used as, or deemed to be evidence of or an admission or concession by any person of any liability or wrongdoing on the part of PFC, CSRS or the Released Parties, or as a waiver by PFC, CSRS or the Released Parties of any defense, including without limitation any applicable statute of limitation.

- 24. Right to Terminate Any Party to the Settlement Agreement, by and through his, her, or its counsel of record, shall have the right to terminate the Settlement Agreement as provided in Paragraph 96 therein.
- 25. Effect of Termination or Failure of Settlement Agreement to Become

 Effective. In the event the Settlement Agreement is terminated or fails to become effective for any reason, the Parties to the Settlement Agreement shall be deemed to have reverted to their respective litigation positions as of the date of execution of the Settlement Agreement and without regard to PFC's prior acceptance of the general terms of Plaintiff's settlement proposal and to the agreement by CSRS and Plaintiffs to settle this action, on both of which the Settlement Agreement is based, and shall proceed in all respects as if this Final Order and Judgment, any related orders, and the previous orders of the Court with regard to or relating to the Settlement Agreement had not been entered. In such event:
- a. The Settlement Agreement shall have no force and effect, no party shall be bound by any of its terms, and nothing in it may be used against any party in the *Cuevas* Action or in any other proceeding (except that any Party may enforce the provisions of the Settlement Agreement regarding termination of the Settlement Agreement or the effect of such termination);
- b. No pleading, brief, motion, or other submission to the Court relating to the Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Submissions"), including without limitation the Settlement Agreement, the Motion for Certification of the Settlement Class and Preliminary

1	Approval of the Settlement Agreement shall constitute an admission of any party of any kind or		
2	shall limit any claim, defense or argument in any way, whether substantive or procedural; and		
3	nothing in any Settlement Submission may be used against any party in the Cuevas Action or in		
4	any other proceeding (except that any party may enforce the provisions of the Settlement		
5	Agreement regarding termination of the Settlement Agreement or the effect of such termination);		
6	c. Defendants and the Released Parties shall have no obligation to make any		
7	payments;		
8	d. The Order of Certification and Preliminary Approval, this Final Order and		
9	Judgment, the Order [granting/denying] Class Counsel's Motion for Attorneys' Fees and Costs		
10	and Enhancement Award to the Representative Plaintiff, and any other orders approving,		
11	implementing, or otherwise relating to the Settlement Agreement shall be vacated, shall be of no		
12	effect whatsoever, and may not be used against any party in the <i>Cuevas</i> action or in any other		
13	proceeding;		
14	e. The Parties will proceed to litigate the Cuevas action with respect to the		
15	pleadings on file as of the time of execution of the Settlement Agreement;		
16	g. Except as submitted to this Court, all negotiations, statements, documents,		
17	and proceedings relating to the Settlement Agreement shall be deemed confidential and not		
18	subject to disclosure for any purpose in any proceeding; and		
19	h. Any portion of the Settlement Amount previously paid or caused to be		
20	paid by Defendants to the Qualified Settlement Fund, together with any interest earned thereon,		
21	less any Taxes required to be withheld with respect to such interest, shall be returned in		
22	accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 97(d)of the Settlement Agreement.		
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24	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
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26	Dated:		
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1 2	Allen R. Ball, Esq. (State Bar #124088) LAW OFFICE OF BALL & YORKE 1001 Partridge Drive, Suite 330		
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15	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
16	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DIVISION		
17			
1/			
18 19	JOSE CUEVAS; individually and on behalf) of all others similarly situated,	Case No.: BC656142 - Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue	
18	of all others similarly situated,	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17	
18 19	JOSE CUEVAS; individually and on behalf) of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, vs.	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17	
18 19 20	of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, vs. PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY,	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS	
18 19 20 21 22 23	of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, vs.	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, vs. PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100,	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS 2. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF JOINT STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF	
18 19 20 21 22 23	of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, vs. PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS 2. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF JOINT STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTIONS AND;	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, vs. PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive Defendants.	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS 2. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF JOINT STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTIONS AND; 3. SCHEDULING ORDER	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Plaintiff, vs. PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive Defendants. Plaintiff JOSE CUEVAS (the "Repre	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS 2. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF JOINT STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTIONS AND;	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Plaintiff, vs. PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive Defendants. Plaintiff JOSE CUEVAS (the "Repre	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS 2. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF JOINT STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTIONS AND; 3. SCHEDULING ORDER sentative Plaintiff") individually and on behalf of	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Plaintiff, vs. PHILLIPS FRACTOR & COMPANY, LLC; CSRS; BAKERSFIELD MARKET RESEARCH and, DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive Defendants. Plaintiff JOSE CUEVAS (the "Repre	- Complaint filed: 03/30/17 - Assigned to Hon. Amy D. Hogue [PROPOSED] ORDER 1. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS 2. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF JOINT STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTIONS AND; 3. SCHEDULING ORDER sentative Plaintiff") individually and on behalf of	

certify the Settlement Class and grant preliminary approval of the Joint Stipulation of Settlement and Release of Class Action ("Settlement Agreement") between Plaintiffs and Defendants Phillips Fractor & Company, LLC ("PFC") and California Survey Research Services, Inc., ("CSRS"). The Settlement Agreement is dated October 11, 2019 and has been entered into by PFC, CSRS and the Representative Plaintiff, on his own behalf and on behalf of the Settlement Class, certified by this Order.

The parties have stipulated and the Court has ordered that the Motion may be submitted upon the record and briefs on file and without the need for a hearing. Having considered the Settlement Agreement along with other documents filed in this action, the Court finds good cause for issuing an order certifying the settlement class and preliminarily approving the Settlement Agreement.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- The Court grants the request for preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement.
 All defined terms contained in this order shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.
- a. The Court finds that the Settlement Agreement is within the range of what is fair, adequate, and reasonable as set forth in Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and California Rules of Court 3.760 et seq., and applicable law. The Court further finds that the Settlement Agreement appears to be the product of serious, informed, non-collusive negotiations, has no obvious deficiencies, and does not improperly grant preferential treatment to the Representative Plaintiff or to any segments of the Settlement Class.
- b. The Settlement Agreement is the result of extensive, well-informed, good-faith, and arm's-length negotiations.
- c. Both class counsel, CSRS's and PFC's counsel are experienced and capable litigators and have assessed the claims' strengths and weaknesses and the benefits of the partial settlement.
- d. The Settlement Agreement confers a substantial benefit on the Settlement Class, because there is a significant risk to them with continued litigation of this Action.

- e. The Court preliminarily approves Settlement Amount as the combined total of (i) \$5,000.00 from Defendant CSRS and the remaining limits of a \$1,000,000.00 policy of insurance issued to PFC, after deductions for defense fees and costs paid by the insurer under the policy.
- 2. The Court approves the Settlement Agreement's plan for providing notice to the Settlement Class of the (i) certification of the Settlement Class, (ii) the Settlement Agreement, and (iii) the Fairness and Final Approval hearing. Notice is being provided in a form most likely to reach the Settlement Class under the circumstances and constitutes valid, due, and sufficient notice to the Settlement Class in compliance with the requirements of applicable law, including Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and California Rules of Court 3.760 et seq., the due-process requirements of the United States Constitution and California Constitution, and other applicable law. The Settlement Agreement shall be binding on all Settlement Class Members who do not opt out of the Settlement, regardless of whether they actually receive the Class Notice.
- 3. The Court has reviewed and approves, as to form and content, the Class Notice, which consists of: the Notice of Proposed Class Action Settlement which will include an individualized Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share and Certification of the Settlement Class (attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibit B); and the Opt-Out Form (substantially in the form of Exhibit C to the Settlement Agreement). The Class Notice is deemed sufficient to inform the Settlement Class Members of the terms of the Settlement Agreement, their rights, and the process for exercising their rights under the Settlement Agreement, including their rights to object, receive a share of the Net Settlement Amount or exclude themselves, and the date and location of the Final Approval Hearing.
- 4. The Court appoints and designates KCC as the Settlement Administrator The duties of the Settlement Administrator shall include, reviewing, updating, and verifying the Class Data List, preparing and mailing the Class Notice in English, Spanish, and Tagalog (upon request), to each Settlement Class Member, collecting and verifying the taxpayer identification information associated with the Settlement Class Members. Answering questions about the Settlement, and updating addresses and contact information for Settlement Class Members. All costs and

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expenses for, or relating in any manner to, the administration of the Settlement, including without limitation the fees of the Settlement Administrator will be paid from and out of the Settlement Amount. The Court directs the Settlement Administrator to notify the Settlement Class in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Settlement Agreement, including mailing the approved Class Notice documents to the Settlement Class Members.

- 5. Except as otherwise indicated in the Settlement Agreement, PFC, CSRS, the Released Parties, and Defense Counsel shall have no responsibility or involvement with regard to administering the Settlement Fund, processing of claims, or distribution of payments to Settlement Class Members. Plaintiffs and their counsel shall communicate with the Settlement Administrator as necessary to achieve compliance with the Settlement approved by the Court. Nor shall PFC, CSRS and the Released Parties have any responsibility or liability for, relating to, or arising from or in connection with the appointment of the Settlement Administrator, any actions or omissions by the Settlement Administrator, its agents, or the agents of Proposed Class Counsel, or any obligation or liability of the Qualified Settlement Fund. Without limitation, PFC, CSRS and the Released Parties are not responsible and shall have no liability in connection with the distribution of any unclaimed funds or any obligation to remit such funds to the State of California, the failure to obtain or report accurate taxpayer information, the failure to withhold, remit, or pay sufficient Taxes, or the calculation and distribution of payments to Settlement Class Members. Settlement Class Members are responsible for and may owe taxes to the extent their obligations have not been fully withheld.
- 6. The Settlement Administrator shall send Settlement Class Members, by first class mail to their last known address (after performing address updates and verifications as appropriate prior to the first mailing), the Class Notice ("First Mailing") within 90 days of entry of this order. Upon receipt of information that a Settlement Class Member did not, in fact, receive the Class Notice in the First Mailing (e.g., by the post office's return to the Settlement Administrator of the First Mailing sent to that individual), the Settlement Administrator shall undertake reasonable efforts to determine the correct address for those Settlement Class Members who did not receive the First Mailing. Then, within 115 days after entry of this order, the Settlement Administrator

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will execute a second mailing of Class Notice to those Settlement Class Members whose previous Class Notices were undeliverable and for whom the Settlement Administrator has located an alternative address through skip-tracing or other means ("Second Mailing").

- 7. No later than the date of the First Mailing, if the Settlement Administrator deems it a reasonable basis for disseminating Class Notice and collecting forms from the Settlement Class, the Settlement Administrator shall establish and maintain a website, in each of English, Spanish, and Tagalog, the content of which shall be subject to the prior approval by all Parties to the Settlement Agreement (or, if the Parties cannot agree, the approval of the Court). The website (if any) shall include the Class Notice materials and information about how Settlement Class Members can contact the Settlement Administrator.
- 8. Upon reasonable request, the Settlement Administrator shall provide periodic reports to all counsel identifying the efforts taken to provide actual notice to Settlement Class Members, such reports to include without limitation the number of mailings sent out, the number of notices returned undeliverable, the number of persons who have responded to the PSAs, the number of phone calls received, and the efforts taken to identify proper addresses for the Settlement Class Members.
- 9. Settlement Class Members as provided in the Settlement Agreement and Class Notice will be entitled to receive a share of the Net Settlement Fund as set forth in the Plan of Allocation. Settlement Class Members will be bound, by all terms of the Settlement Agreement, including the releases, as well as the terms of the Order and Final Judgment to be entered and will be barred from bringing any action against any of the Released Parties concerning any of the Released Claims.
- 10. As part of the Class Notice documents, Settlement Class Members will be provided their Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share. Whether or not he or she submits an objection to all or part of the Settlement, a Settlement Class Member may dispute his or her Anticipated Settlement Share, or the data used to calculate the Notice of Anticipated Settlement Share, within 135 days after entry of this order.

- 11. Any Settlement Class Member may choose to opt out and be excluded from the Settlement as provided in the Settlement Agreement and Class Notice by timely submitting an Opt-Out Form. Any person who opts out will not be bound by the Settlement Agreement and will have no right to receive a share of the Settlement or to object to the Settlement Agreement. Settlement Class Members who do not opt out shall be bound by all determinations of the Court, the terms of the Settlement Agreement, and the Final Order and Judgment. The Settlement Administrator shall provide the parties with a list of opt-outs sixty (60) days after the second mailing.
- 12. Pursuant to the Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and California Rules of Court 3.760 et seq., and other applicable law, Settlement Class Members may object to the terms of the Settlement Agreement by filing a timely and complete objection with the Court. Those who object may present their objections at the Fairness and Final Approval Hearing in person or by counsel, provided that they include a statement of their intention to appear in the objection that they file with the Court. Settlement Class Members shall be permitted to withdraw their objections in writing by filing a withdrawal statement not later than five business days prior to the Court's Fairness and Final Approval Hearing.
- 13. For the sole purpose of effectuating the Settlement Agreement and with no other effect on this or any other litigation should the Settlement Agreement not ultimately become both effective and final, the Court has found the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and California Rules of Court 3.760 et seq., and other applicable law satisfied for the proposed Settlement Class. Certification of the Settlement Class pursuant to this order is for settlement purposes only and shall not be construed as an admission by PFC or CSRS that this action is appropriate for class treatment for litigation or any other purposes. Entry of this order is without prejudice to PFC and CSRS's rights to oppose certification of a litigation class in this action should the Settlement Agreement not be finally approved or not become effective. The Court grants Plaintiffs' request to certify the following Settlement Class:

[A]ny and all individuals who are or were employed as non-exempt agricultural employees of Cal-Pacific Farm Management, LP, T&R Bangi's Agricultural Services, Inc., Kern Ag Labor